## Fruit Heights City Corporation

# Development, Design, & Construction Standards



## September 2018 (Revision 1 - April 9, 2019)



Prepared by JONES & ASSOCIATES Consulting Engineers



## DEVELOPMENT, DESIGN, AND

## **CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS**

## for

## FRUIT HEIGHTS CITY



**SUBMITTED & RECOMMENDED:** 

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Attest, City Treasurer

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#### SECTION 1 GENERAL

1.01 Fruit Heights City Municipal Code Governs

Nothing in this document shall be construed to be contrary to Fruit Heights City Municipal Code. Should a conflict exist between this document and the Ordinances, the Code shall govern.

1.02 Conformance with Federal, State, and Local Laws

Nothing in this document shall relieve the Developer, Engineer, or Contractor from abiding by any and all Federal, State, and local laws.

- 1.03 Definitions
  - A. Contractor The individual, firm, co-partnership, or corporation, and his, their, or its heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, or the lawful agent of any such individual firm, partnership, covenanter, or corporation, or his, their, or its surety under the contract bond, constituting one of the principals to the contract and undertaking to perform the Work.
  - B. Drawings The City-approved construction drawings, the Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings, and/or the Manual of Standard Drawings, as applicable.
  - C. Developer The person sponsoring construction of the improvements.
  - D. Development The subject subdivision, minor subdivision, or building.
  - E. Improvements See "Work."
  - F. Improvement Plans See "Drawings."
  - G. Inspector The authorized representative of the City or City Engineer assigned to make all necessary inspections of the Work performed or being performed, or of materials furnished or being furnished by the Contractor.
  - H. Work All types of work necessary to provide safe access and utility service to and within proposed subdivision or site, including, but not limited to, site grading, utility installation, and street construction. Work includes all labor, services, and documentation necessary to produce such construction; furnishing, installing, and incorporating all materials and equipment into such construction; and may include related services such as testing, start-up, and commissioning.<sup>1</sup>
  - I. See also the Fruit Heights City Municipal Code. Where definition conflicts arise between City Ordinance and this document, the definitions in this document shall take precedence when in reference to this document.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> From EJCDC© C-700, Standard General Conditions of the Construction Contract.

#### 1.04 Acronyms

- A. BMP Best Management Practice
- B. CFP Capital Facilities Plan
- C. DDW Division of Drinking Water
- D. DWQ Division of Water Quality
- E. DWRi Division of Water Rights
- F. FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency
- G. HOA Homeowners' Association
- H. LID Low Impact Development
- I. RCP Reinforced Concrete Pipe
- J. FHC Fruit Heights City
- K. UDEQ Utah Department of Environmental Quality
- L. UDOT Utah Department of Transportation
- M. UPDES Utah Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
- N. USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers

#### 1.05 Modification Process

- A. Whenever, in the opinion of the City Public Works Department, the City Engineer, or the Superintendent having jurisdiction, a literal enforcement of these regulations may work an undue hardship or a literal enforcement of the provisions may be unnecessary to meet the goals and standards of the City, the City may modify those standards in the following manner:
- B. Modifications may be granted when there are practical difficulties involving carrying out the provisions of the Public Works Standards and Technical Specifications, and a panel consisting of the City Planner, City Engineer, and the Public Works Director or his Representative determine that granting of a modification for an individual case will meet the goals and requirements of the City without unduly jeopardizing the public and the individual's interest.
  - 1. The City shall first receive a written request for a modification to the standards from any interested party.
  - 2. Upon receipt of the request, the panel of three discussed above shall find that a special individual reason makes the strict letter of the standard impractical, and shall find the modification is in conformance with the intent and purpose of the standards and shall find that such modification does not in any way lessen the integrity of the standards.

3. When such findings of fact are made, the panel may grant such modification as it deems appropriate. The details of any action granted as modification by this panel shall be recorded and entered in the files of the City, with the specific reasons for the granting of said modification.

#### SECTION 2 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

#### 2.01 Approval Procedure

#### See Title 11 – Subdivision Regulations of the Fruit Heights City Municipal Code

#### 2.02 Developer Responsibilities

- A. Required Improvements and Guarantees see Title 11 of Fruit Heights City Municipal Code.
- B. Permits and Approvals
  - Developer is responsible for obtaining all necessary permits and approvals for the construction of the Improvements. Copies of all applications and approved permits shall be submitted to the City. Agencies/permits that may be required include, but are not limited to:
    - a. DDW Plan Approval (pre-construction)
    - b. DDW Operating Permit (post-construction)
    - c. UPDES NOI and NOT
    - d. DWRi Stream Alteration
    - e. DWRi Dam Safety
    - f. EPA 404 Wetlands
    - g. FEMA CLOMA and/or CLOMR
    - h. UDOT
    - i. Others as applicable
- C. Improvements
  - The required improvements shall include all street improvements in front of all lots along all dedicated streets to a connection with existing improvements of the same kind or to the boundary or the subdivision nearest existing improvements. Design must provide for future extension to adjacent development and to be compatible with the contour of the ground for proper drainage. All water lines, sewer lines, and any other buried conduit shall be installed to the boundary lines of the subdivision. See Title 11.06 for more information.
  - Upsizing based on CFPs The Developer will be required to construct/install infrastructure sized in accordance with the City's currently adopted CFPs. The City will be responsible for paying difference in cost between the master planned infrastructure size and the minimum infrastructure size required for the development.
  - 3. Seal Coat See Municipal Code.
  - 4. Street Lighting See Municipal Code.

- 5. Street Signage See Municipal Code.
- 6. Survey of Existing Improvements Developer shall reimburse City for City Engineer's time spent surveying in locations of new improvements.

#### 2.03 Subdivision Standards

- A. The general standards for subdivision layout and development are found in Title 11 Subdivision Regulations.
- B. See also Section 3 Design Standards and Section 4 Construction Standards of this document.

#### SECTION 3 DESIGN STANDARDS

#### 3.01 Required Improvements

- A. See Chapter 11.06 for information on the required improvements.
- B. See also Section 5 Technical Specifications and Section 6 Standard Drawings, Plans, and Details of this document for additional information.

#### 3.02 Improvement Plans

- A. Complete and detailed, and signed and sealed (in accordance with Utah Code 58-22-602) construction plans and drawings of improvements shall be submitted to the City for the review by the City Engineer prior to receiving final plat approval and prior to commencing construction. Per Title 11, no construction shall begin until plans have been checked and approved by the City Engineer, and final approval is granted by the City Council.
- B. The following instructions are for the purpose of standardizing the preparation of drawings to obtain uniformity in appearance, clarity, size, and style. The plans and designs shall meet the standards defined in the specifications and drawings hereinafter outlined. The minimum information required on the drawings for improvements is as follows:
  - 1. All drawings and/or prints shall be clear and legible and conform to industry standard engineering and drafting practices.
  - 2. Drawings shall be legible and to a common scale when printed on 11"x17" paper.
  - 3. Both plan view and centerline profile must be shown. On subdivisions along steep cross slopes, profiles for each side of the street may be required to be shown.
  - 4. Plan and profiles shall indicate design and/or existing grades a minimum of 200 feet beyond the limits of the proposed project.
  - 5. All wet utilities (water, sewer, storm drain, irrigation) shall be shown in plan and profiles views.
- C. Each set of plans shall be accompanied by a separate sheet of details for special structures which are to be constructed and are not covered by the City Standards. All structures shall be designed in accordance with the minimum Fruit Heights City Standards and approved by the City Engineer.
- D. Separate drawings of elements of the Fruit Heights City Standards shall not be required to be redrawn and submitted with the construction drawings unless specific deviations from the standards are requested for approval; however, the construction drawings shall refer to the specific items of the Standards that are to be incorporated into the Work.
- E. The plan and profile construction plans shall be submitted in portable document format ("pdf"). Upon approval, the developer's engineer shall provide the City Engineer with electronic files of the final plat and improvement plans in AutoCAD or other City Engineer approved format. A hard copy of the approved construction plans bearing the signature of

the City Engineer shall be kept available at the construction site. Prior to final acceptance by the City, the developer, developer's representative, contractor, or project engineer shall submit to the City Engineer a set of "as built" drawings for permanent City file record.

#### 3.03 Sanitary Sewer Design (Central Davis Sewer District Standards)

A. Collection lines shall be located in public rights-of-way or private road rights-of-way, as approved. Collection lines shall not be located on private property (easements) without the express written permission from the City. If such case is granted, easement shall be a minimum of 20' and shall be dedicated to the City of Fruit Heights or Central Davis Sewer District as the case may be.

#### 3.04 Water Design

- A. All design shall be in accordance with Utah Administrative Code R309.
- B. Valves are required on all branches of tees and crosses. Isolation valves shall be located at intervals of not more than one block or 800 feet [Utah Administrative Code R309-550-5(8)].
- C. At dead end lines, including temporary dead ends, provide fire hydrant at termination point.
- D. All fire lines shall meet public works standards, but shall remain privately owned and maintained.
- E. Fire hydrants are to be installed in locations as required by the fire code and approved by the Fire Marshal and City Engineer, with a minimum spacing of 500-ft.
- F. When crossing a stream or other body of water the design must comply with Utah Administrative Code R309-550-8(8) Surface Water Crossings.

#### 3.05 Street/Road Design

- A. Design
  - 1. Streets shall be designed in accordance with these Standards, standard engineering practices, and AASHTO and MUTCD guidelines.
  - 2. No changes of grade in excess of 1.5% shall be permitted without a vertical curve.
  - 3. Sight triangles shall be shown at the request of the City Engineer.
  - 4. Cul-de-Sacs
    - a. Length of cul-de-sac shall not exceed 600-ft as shown in the Standard Drawings.
  - 5. Temporary Turnarounds
    - a. When turnaround cannot be constructed outside of subdivision, it shall be located on a portion of the subdivision lots (as needed), with restrictions (platted "R" lot) required on the lot. The adjacent property being developed will be required to remove the curb, gutter and sidewalk creating the turnaround and extend the street with the standard street section and improvements.

- b. Drainage onto adjacent property must be by written approval (easement) of adjacent property owner.
- 6. Landscaping
  - a. When landscaping is required to be designed/installed, refer to the Standard Drawings.
- 7. UDOT
  - a. Roadway intersections with UDOT controlled streets shall be in accordance with UDOT standards. A copy of the approved UDOT Access Permit shall be submitted to the City.

#### 3.06 Storm Drain Design

A. See Appendix A for Storm Drain and Drainage Design Standards.

#### 3.07 Low Impact Development

A. [SECTION RESERVED]

#### SECTION 4 CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

#### 4.01 General Policies

- A. General Conditions
  - 1. Permit/License: When the work is in progress, Contractor shall have at the work site a copy of the permit and his contractor's license number.
  - 2. Private access: Temporary all weather roadways, driveways, walks, and right-of-ways for vehicles and pedestrians shall be constructed and continuously maintained where required.
  - 3. Street excavation in winter: Excavation of City streets during the winter months (herein defined as November 1<sup>st</sup> to April 1<sup>st</sup>) will be allowed only if the work is a new service connection, required maintenance or emergency, or otherwise approved by the Public Works Department. Permanent patching of City streets excavated in the winter may be delayed until April 1 with the following provisions: Within five working days from the completion of the excavation, the permittee provide/<u>maintain</u> a minimum of 1-1/2" thick temporary winter asphalt surface until such time as the permanent asphalt surface is installed; the permittee shall provide/<u>maintain</u> a temporary untreated base course surface until such time as the temporary winter asphalt surface is installed. These provisions apply regardless of whether the permittee or City crews are performing the permanent resurfacing.
  - 4. Existing utilities: The contractor shall use extreme caution to avoid a conflict, contact, or damage to existing utilities, such as power lines, sewer lines, storm drains, street lights, telephone lines, cable television lines, water lines, gas lines, poles, or other appurtenances during the course of construction of this project. Any such conflict, contact, or damage shall be immediately communicated to said utility company and the Public Works Department. All projects shall be "Blue Staked" prior to construction.
  - 5. Preconstruction pictures of existing public way improvements: The permittee may secure pictures of the conditions of the existing public way improvements such as curbing, sidewalk, landscaping, asphalt surfaces, etc. In the event that public way improvements are damaged and no pictures are taken, the Public Works Department will assume the correction of the damage is the responsibility of the permittee.
- B. Licensing
  - Contractor (including all sub-contractors) must be licensed with the State of Utah: It is the policy of Fruit Heights City that contractors desiring to perform work in the City's public way shall be properly licensed in the State of Utah, as required by the Utah Administrative Code R156-55a (Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act Rule).

- 2. Exceptions: A license shall not be required by the City when the permittee is a public utility company. However, subcontractors for utility companies shall have a valid contractor's license.
- C. Permits
  - Developer/Contractor is responsible for obtaining all necessary permits for the construction of the Improvements prior to commencement of said Improvements. Agencies/permits required may include, but are not limited to:
  - 2. Encroachment (City)
    - a. Fruit Heights City's Department of Public Works issues permits to control any excavation and construction operations in the public right-of-way. All contractors, sub-contractors, and utility companies proposing to construct, repair, or replace any facility within the public right-of-way shall contact the Fruit Heights City Public Works Department and complete all permit requirements prior to commencing proposed work.
    - b. Work by utility companies and their contractors in constructing facilities in new subdivision streets shall be required to post a bond with the City and will be subject to City inspection and compliance with all requirements.
    - c. Emergency Work
      - (i) Maintenance of pipelines or facilities in the public way may proceed without a permit when emergency circumstances demand the work be done immediately provided a permit could not reasonably and practicably have been obtained beforehand.
      - (ii) In the event that emergency work is commenced on or within any public way of the City, the Public Works Department shall be notified within one-half hour when the work commences or as soon as possible from the time the work is commenced. Contact shall be made to the City's "on call" personnel. If emergency work is commenced during off business hours, the Public Works Department will be notified within one (1) hour of the start of work on the first regular business day of which City offices are open after such work commences, and, at the discretion of the Public Works Department, a permit may be issued which shall be retroactive to the date when the work was begun. Before commencing the emergency work, all necessary safety precautions for the protection of the public and the direction and control of traffic shall be taken. None of the provisions of these regulations are waived for emergency situations except for the prior permit requirement.
    - d. Enforcement: Violators of these regulations of working within the Public Way shall be subject to the provisions of the applicable Fruit Heights City Municipal Code.
  - 3. USACE/DWRi Stream Alteration Stream Alteration

- 4. UPDES
- 5. Dam Safety (DWRi)
- 6. UDOT
- 7. Davis County Surveyor's Monument
- 8. Excavation Operations
  - a. Blue Stakes: Before commencing excavation operations, the permittee shall call "Blue Stakes" at 811.
- 9. Traffic control devices: Traffic control devices such as construction signs, barricades, and cones must be in place before excavation begins.
- 10. Protection of paved surfaces outside of excavation area: In order to avoid unnecessary damage to paved surfaces, backhoes, outriggers, tracked equipment, or any other construction equipment that may prove damaging to asphalt shall use rubber cleats or paving pads when operating on or crossing said surfaces.
- 11. Open trench limits: Open trenches will be limited to one block at a time or 660 feet, whichever is less.
- 12. In the event of a planned road closure, Contractor shall notify the City, Fire Department, emergency services dispatch, US Postal Service, and Davis School District a minimum of 24 hours prior to the closure. In the case of an emergency, the above listed agencies will soon be notified at the soonest possible time.
- 13. Environmental Controls
  - a. Dust and debris: The permittee or contractor shall keep dust and debris controlled at the work site at all times. If necessary, a container shall be provided for debris and dusty areas shall be wet down. The permittee or contractor shall be responsible for the cleanup of mud or debris from public roads deposited by vehicles or construction equipment exiting the work site. The City Public Works Department reserves the right to shut down the work or issue a citation if dust is not controlled.
  - b. Noise: The permittee or contractor shall keep neighborhood free of noise nuisance in accordance with the Noise Ordinance.
- 14. Cleanup: The permittee or contractor shall remove all equipment, material, barricades, and similar items from the right-of-way. Areas used for storage of excavated material will be smoothed and returned to their original contour. Vacuum sweeping or hand sweeping shall be required when the Public Works Department determines cleaning equipment is ineffective.
- 15. Storm Water: All Contractors working within the boundaries of Fruit Heights City shall conform to all requirements and regulations as outlined by the Fruit Heights City Storm

Water Management Plan. Copies of the plan are available in the Fruit Heights City Offices.

#### 4.02 Pre-Construction Conference

- A. The pre-construction conference shall not be held until the City Engineer has approved and signed the construction plans.
- B. A preconstruction conference shall be held before any excavation or other work is begun in the subdivision or Project. The meeting will include:
  - 1. City Engineer
  - 2. Developer or Project Manager
  - 3. Subdivision or Project Engineer
  - 4. All contractors and subcontractors involved with installing the subdivision or project improvements (license verification provided prior to meeting)
  - 5. Representatives of affected Fruit Heights City Departments
  - 6. Representatives of local utility companies (invited to attend).
- C. Items pertaining to the construction and inspection of the subdivision or Project improvements will be discussed.

#### 4.03 Construction

- A. Specifications
  - 1. Contractor shall be responsible for constructing all improvements in accordance with the Technical Specifications, per Section 5 of this document.
  - 2. Deviations from such shall be reviewed and authorized by the City Engineer on a caseby-case basis.
- B. Plans and Details
  - 1. Contractor shall be responsible for constructing all improvements in accordance with the Drawings, Plans, and Details, per Section 6 of this document.
  - 2. Deviations from such shall be reviewed and authorized by the City Engineer on a caseby-case basis.
- C. Sequence/Timing
  - 1. All underground utility work shall be completed prior to placement and compaction of the roadway base course. Utilities, including service lines, not installed prior to roadway construction shall be bored as approved by the Public Works Department.
  - 2. All utilities shall be raised to grade with concrete collars installed within fourteen (14) days of asphalt placement.

- D. Inspection
  - All construction work involving the installation of improvements in the subdivision or project shall be subject to inspection by the City. It shall be the responsibility of the person responsible for construction to insure that inspections take place where and when required. Certain types of construction shall have continuous inspection, while others may have only periodic inspections.
- E. Requests for Inspections
  - 1. Requests for inspections shall be made to the Public Works Department by the person responsible for the construction.
  - 2. Requests for inspection on work requiring continuous inspection shall be made three (3) working days prior to the commencing of the work.
  - 3. Notice shall also be given one (1) day in advance of the starting of work requiring periodic inspection, unless specific approval is given otherwise by the City Engineer, or his duly authorized representatives.
- F. Continuous Inspection
  - 1. May be required on (but not limited to) the following types of work:
    - a. Laying of street surfacing
    - b. Placing of concrete for curb and gutter, sidewalks, and other structures
    - c. Laying of sewer pipe, irrigation pipe, drainage pipe, water mains, water service laterals and testing.
  - 2. On construction requiring continuous inspection, no work shall be done except in the presence or by permission of the City Engineer or authorized city representative.
- G. Periodic inspections
  - 1. Shall be required on (but not limited to) the following types of work:
    - a. Street grading and gravel base
    - b. Excavations for curb and gutter and sidewalks
    - c. Excavations for structures
    - d. Trenches for laying pipe
    - e. Forms for curb and gutter, sidewalks and structures
- H. Substantial and Final Completion Inspections
  - A substantial completion inspection shall be requested by the Contractor and made by the City Engineer or authorized representative after all construction work is completed. Any faulty or defective work shall be corrected by the persons responsible for the work

within a period of thirty (30) days of the date of the City Engineer's or authorized representative's Punchlist defining the faulty or defective work.

- 2. A final completion inspection shall be requested by the Contractor and made by the City Engineer or authorized representative after all faulty and defective work has been corrected.
- I. Testing
  - 1. Contractor shall be responsible for all testing in accordance with the Technical Specifications per Section 5 of this document.
  - 2. Testing shall be performed by a licensed and qualified testing firm. Contractor shall submit qualifications to City for approval of firm prior to beginning Work.
  - 3. Testing reports shall be submitted to City weekly for review. Areas with failed tests shall be corrected and retested.
  - 4. Failure to submit testing reports to the City shall be cause for work stoppage or rejection by City.
- J. Safety
  - 1. Contractor is solely responsible for jobsite safety.
  - 2. Contractor shall comply with all local, state, and federal rules and regulations regarding jobsite safety.
  - 3. City and/or its authorized representatives shall have the authority to shut down a job when unsafe working conditions are found.

#### SECTION 5 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

#### 5.01 Technical Specifications for Fruit Heights City

- A. Adoption of Divisions 01 through 34 of the <u>Manual of Standard Specifications</u>, as published by Utah LTAP Center, Utah State University, Logan, Utah, current edition, with all published amendments.
- B. Modifications and Additions to Manual of Standard Specifications (see Appendix B)

#### 5.02 Order of Precedence

- A. Approved project-specific specifications (when applicable)
- B. Modifications and Additions to Manual of Standard Specifications
- C. Manual of Standard Specifications, current edition, with all published amendments

#### SECTION 6 STANDARD DRAWINGS, PLANS, AND DETAILS

#### 6.01 Standard Drawings, Plans, and Details for Fruit Heights City

- A. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings, current edition (See Appendix C)
- B. Adoption of <u>Manual of Standard Plans</u>, published by Utah LTAP Center, Utah State University, Logan, Utah, current edition, with all published amendments.

#### 6.02 Order of Precedence

- A. Approved project-specific drawings and details (when applicable)
- B. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings, current edition
- C. <u>Manual of Standard Plans</u>, current edition, with all published amendments, when not covered by one of the aforementioned items

**APPENDIX A – STORM DRAIN AND DRAINAGE DESIGN STANDARDS** 

#### APPENDIX A

#### STORM DRAIN AND DRAINAGE DESIGN STANDARDS

#### A1. General Provisions

- A. Fruit Heights faces unique storm water challenges because the City sits at the toe of the mountain with some hillside areas and has the potential to receive a large amount of runoff in a short time. Fruit Heights still has potential for residential growth, thus increasing the amount of impervious surfaces leading to increased runoff.
- B. This document represents the design and construction standards for private and public design and construction as it relates to storm drainage within the City. All efforts have been made for this policy to conform to the requirements of the Clean Water Act, Phase II; and the Storm Water Management Plan of the City.
- C. The following information is organized in such a way to follow the natural flow of storm water from the initial rainfall hydrology (A2), to conveyance of the rain water (A3) to a basin (A4), then discharge to a natural outlet location (A5).

#### A2. Rainfall Hydrology

- A. All storm drain systems shall be designed to carry the 100-year storm, unless otherwise stated.
- B. Storm Specifications
  - 1. Local storm drain piping shall be designed for the 10-year storm, where the road or other above ground conveyance will carry the difference to the 100-year storm.
  - 2. All basins regardless of local or regional, or retention or detention, shall be designed to accommodate a 100-year storm event, including all piping into the basin.
  - 3. The storm duration used for the sizing of basins shall be based upon the worst case scenario and not the time of concentration.
  - 4. Volume in pipes, ditches, or roadside swales shall not be considered in the volume calculation for detention and retention basins.
- C. Rainfall Intensity When using the Rational Method, use the rainfall intensity table included as Exhibit 1 to this document.
- D. Calculation Basis For developments less than 20 acres, the Rational Method may be used. For developments larger than 20 acres, a City Engineer-approved computer model shall be used.
- E. Rainfall Pattern and Depth For the use of computer models, the following rainfall pattern shall be used. This pattern is based on the Farmer-Fletcher Distribution. This pattern is for a 1-inch unit storm and must be multiplied by rainfall depth for storms of other magnitudes, as provided in Exhibit 2.

	Unit Storm										
Time	Depth	Time	Depth	Time	Depth	Time	Depth	Time	Depth	Time	Depth
(Min.)	(inches)	(Min.)	(inches)	(Min.)	(inches)	(Min.)	(inches)	(Min.)	(inches)	(Min.)	(inches)
1	0	11	0.004	21	0.033	31	0.052	41	0.012	51	0.005
2	0	12	0.005	22	0.034	32	0.045	42	0.011	52	0.005
3	0.002	13	0.008	23	0.035	33	0.04	43	0.01	53	0.004
4	0.002	14	0.009	24	0.038	34	0.035	44	0.009	54	0.004
5	0.002	15	0.009	25	0.039	35	0.03	45	0.009	55	0.004
6	0.002	16	0.013	26	0.045	36	0.022	46	0.008	56	0.003
7	0.002	17	0.017	27	0.052	37	0.02	47	0.006	57	0.003
8	0.002	18	0.02	28	0.054	38	0.018	48	0.006	58	0.002
9	0.003	19	0.024	29	0.054	39	0.016	49	0.005	59	0.002
10	0.003	20	0.029	30	0.054	40	0.014	50	0.005	60	0.001

#### Farmer-Fletcher Distribution Unit Storm

#### A3. Storm Drain System

- A. Independent System
  - 1. Storm waters shall not be conveyed in irrigation ditches.
  - 2. Irrigation waters shall not be conveyed in storm drain systems.
- B. Piping Storm drain lines shall be reinforced concrete pipe (RCP), of appropriate class. Minimum size for storm sewer mains shall be 15-inch diameter. Pipe specifications are included in the Section 5 of the Development, Design, and Construction Standards. Where determined by the City Engineer and/or the Storm Drain Capital Facilities Plan, larger drain lines shall be installed to accommodate future development. The cost to provide adequate storm drainage to a development shall be paid for by the Developer. Upsizing will be coordinated at the time of development. The cost of upsizing will be the responsibility of the City.
- C. Access Storm drain lines shall have cleanout boxes, inlets, or manholes installed at all changes in grade or alignment, with a maximum distance of 400 feet between accesses. Structures shall be installed in accordance with the standard specifications and standard drawings.
- D. Sump Drains are not allowed except as approved by the City Engineer on a case-by-case basis. Proper permitting is required.

#### A4. Detention and Retention Basins

- A. Definitions
  - 1. Detention Basin An open water storage pond designed to store a volume of water that reduces the post-development peak runoff of a storm to the pre-development runoff

rate or other rate as defined by the governing body. This is accomplished by the use of an outlet control which controls the rate of flow out of the pond into the receiving storm drain or water body. The basin is intended to drain the storm water within a period of time to make the volume available for the next storm event.

- 2. Retention Basin An open water storage pond designed to store the runoff volume of a storm. The basin is intended to dispose of water through infiltration and evaporation within a period of time to make the volume available for the next storm event.
- B. Storm drainage basins are required for all development; however, developments less than one (1) acre are not required to have detention except when determined by the City Engineer.
- C. Location Detention basins shall be located with convenient access for maintenance and repair by maintenance personnel. This generally means that the basin property has frontage along a public roadway.
- D. Parking lots Storage of water shall not be allowed in parking lots.
- E. Underground Storage Underground storage will be considered for private basins only.
- F. All detention basin designs and calculations shall be reviewed by the City Engineer for approval.
- G. Maintenance and Ownership
  - 1. Private Basins When approved, private detention basins shall be owned and maintained by the property owner.
  - Local Public Basins Local detention basins shall be constructed by the developer.
     Following acceptance of the construction, the ownership, operation, and maintenance shall be conveyed to the City.
  - Regional Detention Basins Regional basins shall be owned and maintained by the City, constructed according to the criteria herein, and approved of the City Engineer. Actual ownership and responsibility shall be specifically defined in the Owner's Dedication Certificates, Development Agreements, or by Deed.
- H. Basin Easement and Access
  - 1. Public Basins The developer shall provide the City permanent access to any public basin.
  - 2. Private Basin The City shall be provided an easement for emergency access, operation, and/or repair for a private basin.
  - 3. Access Each basin shall be constructed with sufficient drivable access, outside of the basin, to any structure from a city street.
- I. Detention and Retention Basin Elements

- 1. Side slopes Side slopes shall not be steeper than 4:1 (horizontal to vertical).
- Bottom Slope The basin floor shall be designed so as to prevent the permanent ponding of water. The slope of the floor of the basin shall not be less than 1% to provide drainage of water to the outlet grate and prevent prolonged wet, soggy, or unstable soil conditions. The preferred minimum slope is 2%.
- 3. Freeboard At least one (1) foot of vertical elevation is required between the spillwall in the outlet control structure (high water mark) and the emergency spillway. Additionally, at least one (1) foot of vertical elevation is required between the emergency spillway and the lowest elevation of the berm surrounding the basin.
- 4. Spillways All basins are required to have an emergency spillway. The purpose of this spillway is to provide a location for additional stormwater to spill safely out of the basin in the event of a storm larger than the 100-year storm.
  - a. The spillway shall be designed to carry the 200-year storm flow minus the 100-year storm flow which is handled by the outlet control structure.
  - b. Spillways shall introduce flows back into the pipe or stream downstream of the outlet control.
  - c. Spillways shall include a maintained swale and drainage easement to a safe location.
  - d. The spillway shall be designed to prevent erosion.
  - e. All spillways shall be designed to protect adjacent embankments, nearby structures, and surrounding properties.
- 5. Ground Covers The surface area of the basin shall be sodded. A minimum of 4-inches of top soil must be installed prior to sod placement. The basin shall be provided with an automated sprinkler system approved by the City Engineer.
- Embankment (Fill) Construction If a raised embankment is constructed for a basin (constructed with granular materials), it shall be provided with a minimum of 6-inches of clay cover on the inside of the berm to prevent water passage through the soil.
- 7. Excavation (Cut) Construction If the basin is constructed primarily by excavation, then it may be necessary to provide an impermeable liner and land drain system when constructed in the proximity of basements or other below grade structures as determined by a geotechnical evaluation. Additionally, the floor of the basin shall be a minimum of one (1) vertical foot higher than the highest groundwater elevation as determined by a geotechnical evaluation.
- 8. Multi-Use Basins Basins may be designed as multi-use facilities when appropriate precautions are incorporated into the design. If amenities such as pavilions, playground equipment, volleyball courts, etc. are to be constructed within the water detention area of a basin, they shall be designed appropriately. Structures shall be designed for saturated soil conditions and bearing capacities are to be reduced accordingly.

Restrooms shall not be located in areas of inundation. Inlet and outlet structures should be located as far as possible from all facilities. No wood chips or floatable objects may be used in the area that will be inundated.

- J. Detention Basins
  - 1. Percolation No reduction due to percolation for detention basins volumes shall be permitted.
  - Spillwall All detention basins shall provide a spillwall inside the outlet control structure. The elevation of this spillwall is considered the high water mark. The spillwall functions as a weir. Flows larger than the 100-year storm are carried over the spillwall until the elevation in the basin reaches the emergency spillway (see Freeboard and Spillways).
  - Outlet Control Private detention basins may have a calculated fixed orifice plate mounted on the outlet of the basin. Public detention basins shall have movable, screwtype head gates set at the calculated opening height with a stop block required to carry the maximum allowable discharge.
  - Low Flow Piping The inlet and outlet structures may be located in different areas of the basin, requiring a buried pipe to convey any base flows that enter and exit the basin. (Cross gutters and surface flows are prohibited.)
- K. Retention Basins
  - 1. Retention basins must be specifically approved by the City Engineer.
  - 2. Retention basins shall not be permitted within zones 1, 2, or 3 of any Drinking Water Source Protection Zone of any drinking water source.
  - 3. An approved oil/sediment separator shall be installed upstream of retention basin.
  - 4. Volume shall be based upon the 100-year, 3 hour storm. See Exhibits 1 and 2 for rainfall data.
  - 5. Retention Basin Criteria Retention basins may be permitted if all of the following conditions apply:
    - a. The distance between the nearest City storm drain and the length of piping required to serve the development is greater than:
      - i. 800 feet for subdivisions of 10 lots or less;
      - ii. 1,600 feet for subdivisions greater than 10 lots.
      - *iii. if the piping distance is less than what is stated above, a retention basin will not be allowed; a detention basin and outlet piping will be required.*
    - b. The basin is not located within a Hazardous Area (such as a steep slope ) or some other sensitive area (such as a Drinking Water Source Protection Zone).

- c. Recommendation by the City Engineer.
- 6. Percolation Rate for Retention Basins
  - a. A percolation test shall be performed by a licensed tester. The percolation test shall be performed at the elevation of the proposed grade of the bottom of the retention basin.
  - b. The groundwater elevation and its proximity to the floor of the basin must be taken into account when evaluating the long-term function of the retention basin and the soils ability to percolate the required volume.
  - c. Due to degradation of soils ability to percolate over time, only 80% of the percolation rate shall be used in the calculations for the retention basins.
- 7. Retention basins shall be designed to completely drain within 72 hours of the primary storm event.

#### A5. Discharge

- A. Allowable Discharge Design
  - 1. Calculations shall be based on the 100-year storm event.
  - 2. Calculations shall be based on the total acreage of the development draining to the basin.
  - 3. Pass-through of offsite drainage through the development will be allowed, but must be accounted for.
  - 4. Discharge shall not exceed pre-development runoff with pre-development meaning the condition of the land prior to settlement.
    - a. Alternatively, a standard discharge rate of 0.1 cubic feet per second per total acre may be used on a case by case basis, if approved by the City Engineer.
  - 5. Controlled discharge will be established as described in A4. J.2 and J.3, of this document.
- B. Water Quality
  - 1. Long-term Best Management Practices (BMPs) shall be used to maintain, to the maximum extent practical, the quality of the water to the pre-developed condition.
  - 2. Construction BMPs shall be implemented per the City's Storm Water Management Plan.
- C. Discharge to Irrigation Ditches No discharge shall be permitted to irrigation ditches and canals unless express written permission is obtained from the responsible irrigation company or ditch owners.

#### **EXHIBIT 1 – NOAA POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES - INTENSITY**

Point precipitation frequency estimates (inches/hour)

NOAA Atlas 14 Volume 1 Version 5

Data type: Precipitation Intensity

Time series type: Partial duration

Project area: Southwest

Location name (ESRI Maps): Kaysville Utah

Station Name: FARMINGTON Latitude: 41.0271°

Longitude: -111.9098°

Elevation (USGS): 4272 ft

#### PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

USA

	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min:	1.79	2.24	3.06	3.79	5	6.14	7.49	9.12	11.7	14.2
10-min:	1.36	1.71	2.33	2.88	3.81	4.68	5.7	6.94	8.93	10.8
15-min:	1.12	1.41	1.92	2.38	3.15	3.87	4.71	5.73	7.38	8.94
30-min:	0.756	0.95	1.3	1.6	2.12	2.6	3.17	3.86	4.97	6.02
60-min:	0.467	0.588	0.802	0.993	1.31	1.61	1.96	2.39	3.08	3.72
2-hr:	0.32	0.4	0.514	0.624	0.806	0.97	1.17	1.41	1.79	2.15
3-hr:	0.244	0.302	0.374	0.444	0.566	0.676	0.811	0.968	1.23	1.46
6-hr:	0.159	0.195	0.233	0.269	0.324	0.37	0.436	0.514	0.645	0.764
12-hr:	0.101	0.123	0.148	0.17	0.203	0.231	0.26	0.292	0.357	0.413
24-hr:	0.065	0.079	0.095	0.108	0.126	0.139	0.154	0.168	0.188	0.209
2-day:	0.039	0.047	0.057	0.065	0.075	0.084	0.092	0.1	0.112	0.121
3-day:	0.029	0.035	0.042	0.048	0.057	0.063	0.07	0.076	0.085	0.093
4-day:	0.024	0.029	0.035	0.04	0.047	0.053	0.058	0.064	0.072	0.078
7-day:	0.017	0.02	0.025	0.028	0.033	0.037	0.041	0.044	0.05	0.054
10-day:	0.013	0.017	0.02	0.022	0.026	0.029	0.031	0.034	0.037	0.04
20-day:	0.009	0.011	0.013	0.015	0.017	0.018	0.02	0.021	0.023	0.024
30-day:	0.007	0.009	0.011	0.012	0.014	0.015	0.016	0.017	0.018	0.019
45-day:	0.006	0.008	0.009	0.01	0.011	0.012	0.013	0.014	0.015	0.016
60-day:	0.005	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.01	0.011	0.012	0.012	0.013	0.014

by duration for ARI (years):

Date/time (GMT): Fri May 18 05:44:29 2018 pyRunTime: 0.0958669185638

#### **EXHIBIT 2 – NOAA POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES - DEPTH**

Point precipitation frequency estimates (inches)

NOAA Atlas 14 Volume 1 Version 5

Data type: Precipitation Depth

Time series type: Partial duration

Project area: Southwest

Location name (ESRI Maps): Kaysville Utah

USA

Latitude: 41.0271° Longitude: -111.9098°

Elevation (USGS): 4272 ft

Station Name: FARMINGTON

#### PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min:	0.149	0.187	0.255	0.316	0.417	0.512	0.624	0.76	0.978	1.18
10-min:	0.226	0.285	0.388	0.48	0.635	0.78	0.95	1.16	1.49	1.8
15-min:	0.28	0.353	0.481	0.596	0.787	0.967	1.18	1.43	1.85	2.23
30-min:	0.378	0.475	0.648	0.802	1.06	1.3	1.59	1.93	2.48	3.01
60-min:	0.467	0.588	0.802	0.993	1.31	1.61	1.96	2.39	3.08	3.72
2-hr:	0.64	0.8	1.03	1.25	1.61	1.94	2.34	2.82	3.58	4.29
3-hr:	0.734	0.908	1.12	1.33	1.7	2.03	2.43	2.91	3.68	4.39
6-hr:	0.955	1.17	1.4	1.61	1.94	2.21	2.61	3.08	3.86	4.58
12-hr:	1.22	1.49	1.78	2.05	2.44	2.78	3.13	3.52	4.3	4.97
24-hr:	1.55	1.91	2.28	2.59	3.02	3.35	3.69	4.04	4.51	5.02
2-day:	1.86	2.28	2.73	3.1	3.61	4.01	4.41	4.82	5.37	5.8
3-day:	2.07	2.54	3.05	3.48	4.07	4.54	5.01	5.5	6.15	6.66
4-day:	2.28	2.8	3.38	3.86	4.53	5.06	5.61	6.17	6.93	7.53
7-day:	2.79	3.44	4.14	4.73	5.53	6.16	6.82	7.48	8.38	9.07
10-day:	3.22	3.97	4.75	5.38	6.21	6.84	7.48	8.11	8.93	9.56
20-day:	4.31	5.31	6.3	7.07	8.05	8.76	9.46	10.1	11	11.6
30-day:	5.32	6.53	7.71	8.62	9.79	10.6	11.5	12.3	13.3	14
45-day:	6.62	8.12	9.56	10.7	12.2	13.3	14.3	15.4	16.7	17.7
60-day:	7.84	9.62	11.3	12.7	14.3	15.6	16.7	17.9	19.3	20.3

by duration for ARI (years):

Date/time (GMT): Fri May 18 05:22:38 2018 pyRunTime: 0.095978975296 APPENDIX B – MODIFICATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO MANUAL OF STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

Modifications and Additions to the 2017 Manual of Standard Specifications

as published by: Utah LTAP Center Utah State University Logan Utah 2017

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#### SECTION 03 20 00 M CONCRETE REINFORCING (MODIFIED)

PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PLACING

Add paragraphs F and G as follows:

- F. No steel shall extend from or be visible on any finished surface
- G. All steel shall have a minimum of 1.5-inches of concrete cover.

#### SECTION 03 30 04 M CONCRETE (Modified)

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

- 2.4 Add paragraph F as follows:
- F. Fiber Reinforcement: A minimum of 3.5 pounds per cubic yard of polyolefin fiber reinforcement shall be evenly distributed into the mix. Mixing shall be as recommended by the manufacturer/supplier such that the fibers do not ball up. Polyolefin fibers shall meet the requirements of ASTM C1116 and ASTM D7508.

#### 2.5 MIX DESIGN

Replace Paragraph A with the following:

A. **Class:** When not specified in the plans or project specifications, use the following table to select the class of concrete required for the application:

Class	Application
5,000	Reinforced Structural Concrete
4,000	Sidewalks, curb, gutter, cross gutters, waterways, pavements, and unreinforced footings and foundations
3,000	Thrust blocks
2,000	Anchors, mass concrete

#### SECTION 03 30 10 M CONCRETE PLACEMENT (Modified)

PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.2 **PREPARATION**

Add paragraph F as follows:

F. No concrete shall be placed until the surfaces have been inspected and approved by the City Engineer or City Inspector.

# SECTION 31 23 16 M EXCAVATION (Modified)

PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.3 GENERAL EXCAVATION REQUIREMENT

Add paragraph I as follows:

I. Excavation for pipelines under existing curb and gutter, concrete slabs, or sidewalks shall be open cut. Neither tunneling nor water jetting is allowed. At the option of the City Engineer, jacking or boring under permanent facilities may be allowed based on his/her direction.

Add Section 31 23 20 Fill

# SECTION 31 23 20 FILL

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Non-structural fill materials.
- B. Non-structural placement and compaction.

### 1.2 **REFERENCEs**

### A. ASTM Standards

- D 698 Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft<sup>3</sup> (600 kN-m/m<sup>3</sup>)).
- D 1557 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft<sup>3</sup> (2,700 kN-m/m<sup>3</sup>)).
- D 2922 Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth).

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. When requested by ENGINEER, submit laboratory dry density and optimum laboratory moisture content for each type of fill to be used.

### 1.4 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Do not change material sources without ENGINEER's knowledge.
- B. Reject material that does not comply with the requirements specified in this Section.

### 1.5 STORAGE

- A. Safely stockpile materials.
- B. Separate differing fill materials, prevent mixing, and maintain optimum moisture content of materials.

#### 1.6 SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Do not place, spread, or roll any fill material over material that is damaged by water. Remove and replace damaged material at no additional cost to OWNER.
- B. Control erosion. Keep area free of trash and debris. Repair settled, eroded, and rutted areas.
- C. Reshape and compact damaged structural section to required density.

### 1.7 ACCEPTANCE

- A. General: Native material may be wasted if there is no additional cost to substitute material acceptable to ENGINEER.
- B. Lift thickness: One test per Lot.

- C. Compaction: One test per Lot. Verify density using nuclear tests, ASTM D 2922. Compaction and Lot sizes as follows:
  - 1. Compact to 92% Standard Proctor
  - 2. One Lot = 1500 square feet per lift

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

A. Repair settlement damage at no additional cost to OWNER.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 **FILL MATERIALS**

A. Material shall be free from sod, grass, trash, rocks larger than four (4) inches in diameter, and all other material unsuitable for construction of compacted fills.

### 2.2 **WATER**

- A. Make arrangements for sources of water during construction and make arrangements for delivery of water to site.
- B. Comply with local Laws and Regulations at no additional cost to OWNER when securing water from water utility company.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **PREPARATION**

- A. Implement the traffic control plan requirements, Section 01 55 26.
- B. Verify material meets maximum size requirements.
- C. If ground water is in the intended fill zone, dewater.

#### 3.2 **PROTECTION**

- A. Protect existing trees, shrubs, lawns, structures, fences, roads, sidewalks, paving, curb and gutter and other features.
- B. Protect above or below grade utilities. Contact utility companies to repair utility damage. Pay all cost of repairs.
- C. Avoid displacement of and damage to existing installations while compacting or operating equipment.
- D. Do not use compaction equipment adjacent to walls or retaining walls that may cause wall to become over-stressed or moved from alignment.
- E. Restore any damaged structure to its original strength and condition.

#### 3.3 LAYOUT

- A. Identify required line, levels, contours, and datum.
- B. Stake and flag locations of underground utilities.

- C. Upon discovery of unknown utility or concealed conditions, notify ENGINEER.
- D. Maintain all benchmarks, control monuments and stakes, whether newly established by surveyor or previously existing. Protect from damage and dislocation.
- E. If discrepancy is found between Contract Documents and site, ENGINEER shall make such minor adjustments in the Work as necessary to accomplish the intent of Contract Documents without increasing the Cost of the Work to CONTRACTOR or OWNER.

# 3.4 SUBGRADE

- A. Protect Subgrade from desiccation, flooding, and freezing.
- B. Before placing fill over Subgrade, get ENGINEER's inspection of subgrade surface preparations.
- C. If Subgrade is not readily compactable get ENGINEER's permission to stabilize the subgrade.

# 3.5 TOLERANCES

- A. Compaction: Ninety-two (92) percent minimum relative to a standard proctor density, Section 31 23 26.
- B. Lift Thickness (before compaction):
  - 1. Eight (8) inches when using riding compaction equipment.
  - 2. Six (6) inches when using hand held compaction equipment.

# 3.6 **CLEANING**

- A. Remove stockpiles from site. Grade site surface to prevent free standing surface water.
- B. Leave borrow areas clean and neat.

END OF SECTION

# SECTION 31 41 00 M SHORING (Modified)

### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.2 PRICE – MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

A. In Trenching, Shoring:

*Revise subparagraph 1 to read as follows:* 

1. A two (2) part Protective System is required if each Side of the Trench is to be shored. The use of a Trench Box shall be classified as one Protective System.

### 1.4 **DESIGN OF PROTECTIVE SYSTEMS**

### Add paragraphs C and D as follows:

- C. Trenches five (5) feet deep or greater require a protective system unless the excavation is made entirely in stable rock. If less than five (5) feet deep, a competent person may determine that a protective system is not required.
- D. Trenches 20 feet deep or greater require that the protective system be designed by a registered professional engineer or be based on tabulated data prepared and/or approved by a registered professional engineer in accordance with 1926.652(b) and (c).

### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

Revise paragraph A to read as follows:

- A. Submit a Protective System plan:
  - 1. When excavation is over twenty (20) feet deep, or
  - 2. When requested by ENGINEER.

#### Add Article 1.6 as follows:

#### 1.6 **REFERENCES**

- A. 29 CFR Part 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards
- B. 29 CFR Part 1926 Subpart P Excavations

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.4 **INSPECTIONS**

#### Add paragraph C as follows:

C. OWNER and/or ENGINEER may order an immediate work stoppage if working conditions are thought to be unsafe. Work may resume only after proper safety precautions are implemented.

# SECTION 32 01 06 M STREET NAME SIGNS (Modified)

PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.2 **REFERENCES**

Add paragraph C as follows:

C. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings

# SECTION 32 01 13.64 M CHIP SEAL (Modified)

PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.2 **REFERENCES**

A. ASTM Standards:

Add the following to paragraph A:

- C 29 Standard Test Method for Bulk Density ("Unit Weight") and Voids in Aggregate
- C 330 Standard Specification for Lightweight Aggregates for Structural Concrete

### Rename Article 1.5 as follows:

### 1.5 WEATHER AND CONDITIONS

D. Temperature

Add subparagraph 4 as follows:

- 4. Do not place if forecasted temperature is expected to drop below 40 deg F within 72 hours of placement.
- B. Moisture and Wind:

Add subparagraph 1 as follows:

1. Do not place chip seal coat if surface moisture is present.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 ASPHALT BINDER

*Revise paragraph B as follows:* 

A. Emulsified Asphalt: CRS-2P or LMCRS, Section 32 12 03. Use any of the following additives to match aggregate particle charge, weather conditions, and mix design:

(Subparagraphs 1-5 remain unchanged.)

### 2.2 COVER AGGREGATE

A. Material:

*Revise subparagraph 2 to read as follows:* 

2. 100% Crusher processed rotary kiln lightweight expanded shale chips (Utelite or approved equal).

Replace Table 1 with the following:

Table 1 – Physical Properties of Light	weight Aggregate	e (ASTM C330)	
Property	ASTM	Min.	Max.
Clay Lumps and Friable Particles, percent	C142	-	2
Bulk Density Dry Loose Condition, lb/ft <sup>3</sup>	C29	-	55

B. Gradation: Analyzed on a dry weight and percent passing basis.

Replace Table 2 with the following:

Table 2 – Master Grading Band for Lightweight Aggregate		
Sieve	ASTM	C330 Requirement
1/2"		100
3/8"	6126	80-100
No. 4		5-40
No. 8	C136	0-20
No 16		0-10
No. 200		0-10

*Replace Article 2.3 with the following:* 

### 2.3 FOG SEAL/FLUSH COAT

A. Material: Use cationic emulsified asphalt grade CSS-1h, Section 32 12 03.

# Add Article 2.4 as follows:

## 2.4 MIX DESIGN

- A. Select Type and grade of emulsified asphalt, ASTM D 3628.
- B. Use the following application rates, or submit mix design for approval by Engineer.
  - 1. Emulsion: Use Table 3.

Table 3 – Emulsion Application Rate	
Emulsion	Application Rate (gal/sy)
CRS-2P	0.32 – 0.35
LMCRS-2	0.32 – 0.35

2. Cover Material: Use Table 4.

Table 4 – Cover Material Application Rate	
Emulsion	Application Rate (lbs/sy)
CRS-2P	10.0 - 12.0
LMCRS-2	10.0 - 12.0

3. Fog Seal/Flush Coat: Use 0.10 – 0.12 gal/sy at a 2:1 dilution rate.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.2 **PREPARATION**

Add paragraph F as follows:

F. Cover manholes, valves boxes, storm drain inlets, and other service utility features before placing any chip seal coat.

### 3.4 **APPLICATION**

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

A. Asphalt Emulsion: Keep viscosity between 50 and 100 centistokes during application, ASTM D 2170. Keep temperature to a minimum of 145 deg F.

*Revise Article 3.6 to read as follows:* 

# 3.6 FOG SEAL/FLUSH COAT

- A. Apply asphalt seal over the chips within 24 hours of placing chips.
- B. Keep viscosity between 50 and 100 centistokes, during application, ASTM D 2170.

# SECTION 32 12 05 M BITUMINOUS CONCRETE (MODIFIED)

### 1.2 **REFERENCES**

Add the following paragraph to Section 1.2:

# A. Utah Department of Transportation (UDOT)

Quality Management Plan 514 Hot-Mix Asphalt

### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

Add the following paragraph to Section 1.3:

### H. Road Class

- Class I: Includes maintenance mixes, bike paths, and residential driveways. (ESAL < 10<sup>4</sup> per year)
- Class II: Includes non-industrial parking lots, local and residential streets, and low volume (minor) collectors. (ESAL between 10<sup>4</sup> and 10<sup>6</sup> per year)
- Class III: Includes high volume (major) collectors, arterials, and industrial parking lots (primary load from 3-axle or greater vehicles). (ESAL > 10<sup>6</sup> per year)

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

### A. General:

Add the following paragraph:

4. Submit plant certification documentation (see 3.1.A)

### B. Quality Assurance:

*Revise paragraph 3 to read as follows:* 

1. Testing Report: Submit Quality Control data to the Engineer within one (1) working day after completion of each day of paving and prior to the start of the next paving day.

### Add the following paragraph:

- 2. Plant Production Report: Submit daily plant productions records to the Engineer within one (1) working day after completion of each day of paving and prior to the start of the next paving day. Report shall include the following information:
  - 2.1 Plant Location
  - 2.2 Production Date and Times
  - 2.3 Mix Designation
  - 2.4 Total Mix Tonnage
  - 2.5 Virgin Aggregate Tonnage

- 2.6 Virgin Asphalt Tonnage
- 2.7 RAP Aggregate Tonnage
- 2.8 Lime Tonnage
- 2.9 Water Tonnage

# *Revise Section 2.3 to read as follows:*

# 2.3 ADDITIVES

- A. Mineral Filler: None
- B. Recycle Agent: None
- C. Anti-strip Agent: 1% Lime Slurry, minimum, meeting the HWT requirements for Superpave mixes
- D. RAP or ROSP (By weight or binder, whichever is lesser): Allowed up to 15%
  - 1. Free of detrimental quantities of deleterious materials
  - 2. No change in specified binder grade
  - 3. Determine RAP binder content by chemical extraction

### 2.4 MIX DESIGN

### Replace paragraph A with the following:

- A. Project Specific Requirements:
  - 1. Less than 3-inch depth (including overlays)
    - a. Option 1 Superpave
      - i. Mix Designator (Compaction Effort): 75 gyrations (75 N<sub>d</sub>)
      - ii. Binder Grade: PG 58-28
      - iii. Master Grading Band: SP ½
    - b. Option 2 Marshall
      - i. Mix Designator (Compaction Effort): 50 blow
      - ii. Binder Grade: PG 58-28
      - iii. Master Grading Band: DM 1/2

# 2. 3-inch and greater depth

- a. Superpave
  - i. Mix Designator (Compaction Effort): 75 gyrations (75 N<sub>d</sub>)
  - ii. Binder Grade: PG 58-28
  - iii. Master Grading Band: SP ½

# 3.1 **CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT**

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

- A. Mixing Plant: ASTM D995. Use a UDOT Quality Management Plan 514 certified asphalt mixing plant. Provide:
  - 1. Positive means to determine the moisture content of aggregate.
  - 2. Positive means to sample all material components.
  - 3. Sensors to measure the temperature of the mix at discharge.
  - 4. Ability to maintain discharge temperature of mix.
  - 5. Capability of maintaining plus or minus five (5) percent tolerance on component percentages in final mix.
  - 6. Oil Sand Introduction System: Do not burn off the light oils in Bitumen Binder (oil sand).

# SECTION 32 16 13 M DRIVEWAY, SIDEWALK, CURB, GUTTER (Modified)

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.4 CONTRACTION JOINTS

D. Curb, Gutter, Waterway:

*Revise subparagraph 1 to read as follows:* 

1. Place joints at intervals not exceeding 10 feet.

### 3.5 **EXPANSION JOINTS**

B. Sidewalks:

# Add subparagraph 5 as follows:

5. Expansion joints are to be placed at 48-foot intervals (minimum) for 6-foot wide sidewalk and 50-foot for 5-foot wide sidewalk; or wherever new sidewalk adjoins existing sidewalks, driveways, or aprons.

# SECTION 32 31 13 M CHAIN LINK FENCES AND GATES (Modified)

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.6 **POSTS, CAPS, RAILS, COUPLINGS**

A. Posts, Frames, Stiffeners, Rails: ASTM F 1043:

*Revise applicable rows of Table 1 to read as follows:* 

Top Rail1-5/8" pipe
---------------------

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.6 **INSTALLATION OF FENCE FABRIC**

Revise paragraph A to read as follows:

A. Place fence fabric on roadway side of posts unless otherwise specified. Place fabric approximately 1 ½ inch above the grounds. Maintain a straight grade between posts by excavating ground high points and filling depressions with soil.

# SECTION 32 31 16 M WELDED WIRE FENCES AND GATES (Modified)

# PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.2 **REFERNCES**

Add paragraph D as follows:

- D. UDOT Standard Drawing
  - FG 2A Right of Way Fence and Gates (Metal Post)
  - FG 2B Right of Way Fence and Gates (Metal Post)

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.2 INSTALLATION

Add paragraph N as follows:

N. Install per UDOT Standard Drawings FG 2A and FG 2B.

# SECTION 32 31 23 POLY(VINYL CHLORIDE)(PVC) FENCES AND GATES

# PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. PVC fencing, posts, gates, and appurtenances.

# 1.2 **REFERNCES**

# A. ASTM Standards:

- D 1784 Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds
- F 626 Fence Fittings
- F 964 Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride)(PVC) Exterior Profiles Used for Fencing and Railing
- F 1999 Installation of Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride)(PVC) Fence Systems

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Drawings: Indicate plan layout, grid, size and spacing of components, accessories, fittings, anchorage, and post section.
- B. Data: Submit manufacturer's installation instructions and procedures, including details of fence and gate installation.
- C. Submit sample of fence fabric and typical accessories.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.1 **GENERAL**

A. Products from other qualified manufacturers having a minimum of 5 years' experience manufacturing PVC fencing will be acceptable by the architect as equal, if approved in writing, ten days prior to bidding, and if they meet the following specifications for design, size, and fabrication. PVC Profiles, lineals, and extrusions used as components must "meet or exceed" the minimum performance guidelines laid out in ASTM 964.

# 2.2 **PVC FENCE**

A. Pickets, rails, and posts fabricated from PVC extrusion. The PVC extrusions shall comply with ASTM D 1784, Class 14344B and have the following characteristics:

Specific Gravity (+/- 0.02)	1.4
Using 0.125 specimen Izod impact ft. lbs./in. notch	23.0
Tensile strength, PSI	6,910
Tensile modulus, PSI	336,000
Flexural yield strength, PSI	10,104
Flexural modulus, PSI	385,000
DTUL at 264 PSI	67°C

B. All fence parts made from PVC shall have a minimum thickness of 0.17 in except where specified otherwise.

### 2.3 **POST CAPS**

- A. Molded, one piece.
- B. Cross Section: Match post or gate upright cross section.
- C. Thickness: 0.095" minimum.
- D. Configuration: Flat or four-sided as required for installation to top of posts and gate.

### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

A. Standard gate brace, screw caps, rail end reinforcers, and other accessories as required.

### 2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Stiffener Chemicals: Galvanized steel structural channel. Configure channels for concealed installation within PVC rails with pre-drilled holes for drainage. Aluminum extruded channel available upon request.
  - 1. Cross Section: 3.00" x 3.00" x 1.500" hourglass shape to grip picket.
  - 2. Thickness: 0.040 Gauge (minimum)
- B. Fasteners and Anchorage: Stainless Steel. All fasteners to be concealed or colored heads to match. Provide sizes as recommended by fence manufacturer.
- C. PVC Cement: As recommended by fence manufacturer.

### 2.6 GATE HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Provide hardware and accessories for each gate according to the following requirements.
- B. Hinges: Size and material to suit gate size, non-lift-off type, self-closing, glass filled nylon with stainless steel adjuster plate, offset to permit 120 degree gate opening. Provide one pair of hinges for each gate.
  - 1. Stainless Steel, painted with carbo zinc base.
  - 2. Finish: Pre-painted, 2 coats "Polane."
  - 3. Color: Black Gravity Latch or dual access gravity latch.
- C. Latch: Manufacturers' standard self-latching, thumb latch, pre-finished steel, or stainless steel gravity latch. Provide one latch per gate.

- 1. Finish: Match gate hinge finish.
- D. Hardware: Stainless Steel. Provide sizes as recommended by fence manufacturer.
  - 1. Finish: Match gate hinge finish.

# 2.7 **CONCRETE**

A. Use Class 3000 concrete. Section 03 30 04.

# 2.8 **REINFORCING FOR FILLED POSTS**

- A. Steel Reinforcing:
  - 1. Steel Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615. Grade 60. Deformed (#4 or ½").
  - 2. Install 2 bars for each corner or gate post as specified in the drawings.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 **PREPARATION**

- A. Locate and preserve utilities, Section 31 23 16.
- B. Excavation, Section 31 23 16.
- C. Review to ASTM F 567 and CLFMI products manual for chain link fence installation.
- D. Protect roots and branches of trees and plants to remain.
- E. Limit amount of clearing and grading along fence line to permit proper installation.

# 3.2 LAYOUT OF WORK

- A. Accurately locate and stake locations and points necessary for installation of fence and gates.
- B. General arrangements and location of fence and gates are indicated. Install except for minor changes required by unforeseen conflicts with work of other trades.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION – GENERAL

- A. Install fence in compliance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. PVC components shall be carefully handled and stored to avoid contact with abrasive surfaces.
- C. Install components in sequence as recommended by fence manufacturer.
- D. Install fencing as indicated on the drawings provided.
- E. Variations from the installation indicated must be approved.
- F. Variations from the fence and gate installation indicated and all costs for removal and replacement will be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR.

# 3.4 INSTALLATION OF POSTS

- A. Excavation
  - 1. Drill or hand-excavate (using post hole digger) holes for posts to diameters and spacings indicated, in firm, undisturbed or compacted soil.

- 2. If not indicated on drawings, excavate holes for each post to a minimum diameter of 12 inches.
- 3. Unless otherwise indicated, excavate hole depths not less than 30 inches or to frost line.
- B. Posts
  - 1. Install posts in one piece, plumb and in line. Space as noted in the drawings. Enlarge excavation as required to provide clearance indicated between post and side of excavation.
  - 2. Protect portion of posts above ground from concrete splatter. Place concrete around posts and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Check each post for vertical and top alignment and hold in position during placement and finishing operations.
    - a. Unless otherwise indicated, terminate top of concrete footings 3 inches below adjacent grade and trowel to a crown to shed water.
    - b. Secure posts in position for manufacturer's recommendations until concrete sets.
    - c. After installation of rails and unless otherwise indicated, install reinforcing in posts in opposing corners of post as shown and fill end and gate posts with concrete to level as indicated. Concrete fill shall completely cover the reinforcing steel and gate hardware fasteners. Consolidate the concrete by striking the post face with a rubber mallet, carefully tamping around the exposed post bottom.
    - d. Install post caps. Use #8 screws, nylon washers and snap caps.
    - e. Remove concrete splatters from PVC fence materials with care to avoid scratching.

### 3.5 INSTALLATION OF RAILS

- A. Top and Bottom Rails
  - 1. Install rails in one piece into routed hole fabricated into posts to receive top and bottom rails, and middle where necessary. Except at sloping terrain, install rails level.
    - a. Prior to installation of rails into posts, insert concealed steel channel stiffeners in top rail, where necessary. Bottom rails shall include minimum 2-¼" drainage holes.
    - b. At posts to receive concrete fill, tape rail ends to prevent seepage when filling post with concrete.
- B. Middle Rails:
  - 1. Where necessary, install middle rails in one piece into routed hole in posts with larger holes facing down. Except at sloping terrain, install middle rails level. Secure mid rail to pickets with 2-#8 x 1-1/2" screws evenly spaced.
    - a. At posts to receive concrete fill, tape rail ends to prevent seepage when filling post with concrete.

### 3.6 **INSTALLATION OF FENCE FABRIC/PICKETS**

A. Pickets: Install pickets in one piece as per manufacturer recommendations. Install pickets plumb.

### 3.7 **INSTALLATION ON SLOPING TERRAIN**

A. At sloping terrain rails may be racked (sloped) or stepped to comply with manufacturer's recommendations.

# 3.8 **INSTALLATION OF GATES**

- A. Prior to installation of rails into posts, apply PVC cement into sockets per manufacturer's recommendations. Bottom rail shall include minimum 2-¼" drainage holes.
- B. Assemble gate prior to fence installation to accurately locate hinge and latch post. Align gate horizontal rails with fence horizontal rails.
- C. Install gates plumb, level, and secure for full opening without interference according to manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Gate Latch Installation. Install gate latch according to manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Allow minimum 72 hours to let concrete set-up before opening gates.

END OF SECTION

# SECTION 32 92 00 M TURF AND GRASS (Modified)

### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

Add paragraph C as follows:

C. Submit seed mix.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 **SEED**

Add paragraph D as follows:

D. Seed Mix:

<u>SEED #</u>	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	<u>% by Weight</u>
1	Agropyron cristatum 'Fairway'	Fairway Crested Wheatgrass	15%
2	Agropyron riparium 'Sodar'	Streambank Wheatgrass	20%
3	Bromus inermis 'Manchar'	Smooth Brome	32%
4	Fescue rubra 'Fortress'	Red Fescue	25%
5	Poa compressa 'Reuben's'	Reuben's Canadian Bluegrass	6%
6	Trifolium repens	White Dutch Cover	2%

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.4 SEEDING

Revise paragraph A to read as follows:

A. Apply seed at a rate of eight (8) pounds per 1,000 square feet evenly in two (2) intersecting directions. Rake in lightly.

Add Section 33 05 12 Conductive Trace Wire for Pipe Installation

# SECTION 33 05 12 CONDUCTIVE TRACER WIRE FOR PIPE INSTALLATION

### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SUMMARY

This section covers the requirements for installation of a conductive tracer wire with underground pipe.

### 1.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Install electrically continuous tracer wire with access points as described herein to be used for locating pipe with an electronic pipe locater after installation.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Trace wire shall be twelve (12) gauge minimum solid copper with thermoplastic insulation recommended for direct burial. Wire connectors shall be 3M DBR, or approved equal, and shall be watertight and provide electrical continuity.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 ERECTION / INSTALLATION / APPLICATION AND/OR CONSTRUCTION

- A. General: Trace wire shall be installed in the same trench and inside bored holes and casing with pipe during pipe installation. It shall be secured to the pipe as required to insure that the wire remains adjacent to the pipe. The trace wire shall be securely bonded together at all wire joints with an approved watertight connector to provide electrical continuity, and it shall be accessible at all new water valve boxes, water meter boxes, fire hydrants, sewer manholes, and sewer cleanouts as applicable to the utility line being installed.
- B. Manholes: The wire shall be installed from the exterior of the manhole to the interior by installing the wire underneath the manhole frame.
- C. Depth: For lines with more than 5 feet of cover, the wire shall be installed directly over the pipe at a depth of 5 feet.

### 3.2 TESTING

CONTRACTOR shall perform a continuity test on all trace wire in the presence of ENGINEER or ENGINEER'S representative.

## 3.3 **REPAIR / RESORATION**

If the trace wire is found to be not continuous after testing, CONTRACTOR shall repair or replace the failed segment of the wire.

END OF SECTION

# SECTION 33 05 25 M PAVEMENT RESTORATION (Modified)

PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.2 **REFERENCES**

Replace paragraph A to read as follows:

# A. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

# 2.2 ASPHALT PAVEMENT

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

A. Permanent Warm Weather Asphalt Concrete: Section 32 12 05 M unless indicated otherwise.

*Revise paragraph C to read as follows:* 

- C. Pavement Sealing:
  - 1. Crack Seal: Section 32 01 17
  - 2. Chip Seal: Section 32 01 13.64 and 32 01 13.64 M.
  - 3. Fog Seal: Section 32 01 13.50.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.5 **ASPHALT PAVEMENT RESTORATION**

*Revise paragraphs A and B to read as follows:* 

- A. Follow Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.
- B. Match existing pavement thickness or 4-inches minimum, whichever is greater.

# SECTION 33 08 00 M COMMISSIONING OF WATER UTILITIES (Modified)

# PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.5 INFILTRATION TEST

Revise paragraph A to read as follows:

A. General: 150 gallons per inch diameter per mile per day. If the ground water table is less than two (2) feet above the crown of the pipe, the infiltration test is not required.

*Revise Article 3.6 in its entirety to read as follows:* 

### 3.6 **EXFILTRATION TEST**

- A. Non-Pressurized System:
  - 1. General: Air test or hydrostatic test is CONTRACTOR's choice.
  - 2. Air Test:
    - a. Plastic Pipe: ASTM F 1417.
      - (i) For pipe up to 30 inches diameter, pressure drop is 0.5 psi.
      - (ii) For pipe larger than 30 inches diameter, isolated joint test is 3.5 psi maximum pressure drop is 1.0 psi in 5 seconds.
    - b. Concrete Pipe:
      - (i) ASTM C 1214 for concrete pipe 4" to 24" diameter.
      - (ii) ASTM C 1103 for concrete pipe 27" and larger.
  - 3. Hydrostatic Test: Provide air release taps at pipeline's highest elevations and expel all air before the test. Insert permanent plugs after test has been completed.
    - a. Plastic Pipe: ASTM F 2497.
    - b. Concrete Pipe: ASTM C 497. Abide by Section 3 and Section 16 in the ASTM standard and applicable recommendations of manufacturer.
- B. Pressurized System:
  - 1. Pressure Test: All newly laid pipe segments and their valves, unless otherwise specified, shall be subjected to a hydrostatic pressure test of 200 psi or 50 psi above working pressure, whichever is higher. The hydrostatic pressure test shall be conducted after the pipe segments have been partially backfilled.
  - 2. Duration of Pressure Test: The duration of each hydrostatic pressure test shall be at least two (2) hours.
  - 3. Test Procedure: Each pipe segment shall be slowly filled with water and the specified test pressure, measured at the point of lowest elevation, shall be applied by means of a pump connected to the pipe in a satisfactory manner. Testing against closed valves will be allowed. The pump, pipe connection, and all necessary apparatus including gauges

and meters shall be furnished by the CONTRACTOR. CONTRACTOR shall provide all labor and equipment necessary to perform the test.

- 4. Expelling Air Before Test: Before applying the specified test pressure, all air shall be expelled from the pipe. To accomplish this, air release mechanisms shall be installed, if necessary, at points of highest elevation, and afterwards tightly capped.
- 5. Examination Under Pressure: All pipes, fittings, valves, hydrants, joints, and other hardware will be subject to examination under pressure during the hydrostatic test. Any defective pipes, fittings, hydrants, valves, or other hardware discovered in consequence of this pressure test shall be removed and replaced by the CONTRACTOR with sound material, at no expense to the OWNER, and the test shall be repeated until the ENGINEER is satisfied.
- 6. No piping installation will be acceptable until the leakage is less than the amount allowed by industry standards for the type of pipe material being tested. Or, if no standard prevails, than the number of gallons per hour is determined by the formula:

$$Q = \frac{LD\sqrt{P}}{148.000}$$

Where:

Q = allowable leakage, gallons per hour

L = length of pipe under test, feet

D = diameter of pipe, inches

P = average test pressure, psig

# SECTION 33 11 00 M WATER DISTRIBUTION AND TRANSMISSION (Modified)

### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.2 **REFERENCES**

Revise paragraph B to read as follows:

### B. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings

Add to paragraph C. AWWA Standards:

C105	Polyethylene Encasement for Ductile Iron Pipe Systems
C110	Ductile-Iron and Gray-Iron Fittings
C111	Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings
C223	Fabricated Steel and Stainless Steel Tapping Sleeves
M14	AWWA Recommended Practice for Backflow Prevention and Cross- Connection Control

# Add paragraph F as follows:

- F. ANSI/NSF Standards:
  - 61 Drinking Water System Components

### Add paragraph G as follows:

G. Utah Administrative Code R309-550. Facility Design and Operation: Transmission and Distribution Pipelines

# 1.3 **PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

Replace paragraph A with the following:

- A. Depth of Cover:
  - 1. Minimum as indicated on the drawings. If minimum cannot be achieved, contact ENGINEER.
  - 2. Maximum of 72 inches unless indicated on the plans or approved by ENGINEER.

### 1.5 SITE CONDITIONS

*Revise paragraph D to read as follows:* 

D. Do not operate <u>any</u> water valve until its owner and water company's permission is secured.

# PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 **PIPES AND FITTINGS**

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

A. Provide piping materials and factory fabricated piping products of sizes, types, pressure ratings, and capacities indicated. Use only NSF 61 approved products in drinking water systems. All such products shall be appropriately stamped with the NSF logo.

Add paragraphs E and F as follows:

- E. Mechanical Joint Fittings: Ductile iron, Class 250
- F. Flanged Fittings: Ductile iron, Class 250

# 2.3 VALVE BOX

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

A. Buried Valves in Traffic Areas: Cast iron two (2) piece slip sleeve type, 5-1/4 inch shaft, with a drop lid, rated for HL-93 loading.

*Revise paragraph C to read as follows:* 

C. Markings: Potable water main line valves box covers shall contain the wording "FRUIT HEIGHTS WATER."

### Add Articles 2.9 and 2.10 as follows:

#### 2.9 TAPPING SLEEVE AND VALVE

- A. AWWA C223.
- B. Sleeve shall be full circumferential seat with all stainless steel tapping sleeve.
- C. Flanged outlet with flanged by MJ valve.

### 2.10 **FIRE SPRINKLER/SUPRESSION LINES**

- A. Lines:
  - 1. Ductile iron, Class 51, or as approved in writing by OWNER or ENGINEER.
  - 2. Meet all specifications for main lines.
- B. Valve:
  - 1. All fire lines shall be equipped with an isolation gate valve located at the main line.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.3 LAYOUT

Replace paragraph B with the following:

B. The Utah Division of Drinking Water must grant an exception where a potable water line crosses under a sanitary sewer line.

### 3.4 **INSTALLATION – PIPE AND FITTING**

A. General:

### Add subparagraphs 3 through 7 as follows:

- 3. Encase all buried ductile iron valves, fitting, connections, and specialties in minimum 8 mil. polyethylene sheets in accordance with AWWA C105.
- 4. Waterline shall be laid and maintained to lines and grades established by the drawings, with fittings and valves at the required locations. Deviations as approved in writing by OWNER or ENGINEER.
- 5. Lay water lines on a continuous grade to avoid high points except as shown on the plans.
- 6. Cut edges and rough ends shall be ground smooth. Bevel end for push-on connections.
- 7. Do not drop pipe or fittings into trench.

### Add paragraph I as follows:

- I. Tie-Ins:
  - 1. All tie-ins shall be made dry and not on a day proceeding a weekend or holiday.
  - 2. OWNER requires 48-hours' notice for water turn-off.
  - 3. At least 24-hours prior to a service disruption, CONTRACTOR shall notify all affected water users.
  - 4. Where shutting down a line is not feasible as determine by OWNER or ENGINEER, CONTRACTOR shall make a wet tap using a tapping sleeve and valve.

### 3.5 **INSTALLATION – CONCRETE THRUST BLOCK**

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

A. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.

### 3.8 **INSTALLATION – TAPS**

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

A. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.

### 3.9 **INSTALLATION – SERVICE LINE**

Revise paragraph C to read as follows:

C. Meter Box: Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.

### Add paragraph D as follows:

- D. New Water Service Line
  - 1. 1" Service
    - a. All service lines must be of one continuous copper tube between the corp stop and the meter yoke. No joints or copper to copper connectors are allowed.
  - 2. 1.5" and 2" Services
    - a. All service lines must be of one continuous poly pipe and tracer wire between the corp stop on the saddle and the meter yoke. No joints or couplings are allowed.

### 3.10 INSTALLATION – WATERMAIN LOOP (SYPHON)

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

A. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.

### 3.12 BACKFILLING

B. Trenches: Section 33 05 20:

*Revise subparagraphs 1 and 2 to read as follows:* 

- 1. Pipe zone backfill, Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.
- 2. Trench backfill, Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.

### 3.13 SURFACING RESTORATION

A. Roadway Trenches and Patches: Section 33 05 25:

*Revise subparagraphs 1 and 2 to read as follows:* 

- 1. Asphalt concrete patch, Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.
- 2. Concrete pavement patch, contact OWNER for instructions.

### Add new Article 3.14 as follows:

### 3.14 **FIRE SPRINKLER/SUPPRESSION LINES**

- A. Notify OWNER 48 hours prior to installation.
- B. Unless written authorization is given by OWNER, no services shall be connected to the fire sprinkler/suppression lines.
- C. Location: As approved by OWNER.

# SECTION 33 12 16 M WATER VALVES (Modified)

### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.2 **REFERENCES**

*Modify the fourth (4<sup>th</sup>) item in paragraph A to read as follows:* 

C509 Resilient-Seated Gate Valves for Water Supply Service

Add paragraph B as follows:

### B. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 VALVES – GENERAL

A. Underground:

### Add subparagraph 3 as follows:

3. Valves over five (5) feet in depth shall have a valve nut extension stem.

### 2.2 GATE VALVES

Add paragraph D as follows:

D. Model: Mueller A-2361

Add Article 2.10 as follows:

#### 2.10 AIR/VACUUM RELIEF VALVES

- A. Operation: Relieve air build-up and/or allow intrusion of air to prevent vacuum conditions within pipe.
- B. Location: Valve and vent placement location as approved by OWNER or ENGINEER.
- C. Connection: Service saddle.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **INSTALLATION**

Add paragraphs D, E, and F as follows:

- D. Prior to installation, inspect valves for direction of opening, freedom of operation, tightness of pressure-containing bolting, and cleanliness of valve ports and seating surfaces.
- E. Examine all valves for damage or defects immediately prior to installation.
- F. Mark and hold defective materials for inspection by OWNER or ENGINEER. Replace rejected materials.

# SECTION 33 12 19 M HYDRANTS (Modified)

PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.2 **REFERENCES**

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

### A. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 DRY-BARREL FIRE HYDRANT

Add paragraph C as follows:

C. Model: Mueller Super Centurion, Clow Medallion, or Waterous.

### 2.2 **VALVES**

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

C. Gate Valve: Section 33 12 16.

#### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

Revise paragraph D to read as follows:

D. Valve Box, Valve Chamber: Section 33 11 00.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.2 **INSTALLATION**

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

C. Install hydrant according to Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings and AWWA M17.

Revise paragraph H to read as follows:

H. Install thrust block according to Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.

# SECTION 33 12 33 M WATER METER (Modified)

PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.2 **REFERENCES**

Add paragraph B as follows:

### E. Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.2 METERS FOR SERVICE PIPING

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

F. OWNER shall supply and set all meters. CONTRACTOR/DEVELOPER/BUILDER shall pay for all meter costs.

### 2.3 SERVICE LINE, VALVES, AND FITTINGS

*Revise paragraph A to read as follows:* 

A. Service Pipe: Type K Copper, Section 33 05 03, with compression copper fittings made of brass.

Revise paragraph B to read as follows:

- B. Service Valves and Fittings:
  - 1. AWWA C800.
  - 2. 1-Inch Service Laterals Brass corporation stops with CC thread.
  - 3. 1.5-Inch and 2-Inch Service Laterals Stainless steel compression fittings (ball valves, strainers, nipples, tees, bends, etc.).
  - 4. Greater than 2-Inch Coordinate with and obtain approval from OWNER and ENGINEER.

*Replace Article 2.4 with the following:* 

#### 2.4 **METER BOXES**

A. See Fruit Heights City Public Works Standard Drawings.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

*Revise paragraph D to read as follows:* 

D. OWNER Supplied Meters: Installed by OWNER unless indicated otherwise.

Add paragraphs E and F as follows:

- E. Install one solid piece of copper pipe from main to meter.
- F. Install service laterals with 48-inches of cover, minimum.

# SECTION 33 13 00 M DISINFECTION (Modified)

PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.2 **REFERENCES**

Modify paragraph B to read as follows:

B. Utah Administrative Code

R309 Drinking Water

### Add paragraph C as follows:

C. NSF/ANSI Standards:

60 Drinking Water Treatment Chemicals – Health Effects

Add paragraph D as follows:

D. Utah Administrative Code R309-520. Facility Design and Operation: Disinfection

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

Delete paragraphs B, C, and D in their entirety.

Add Article 1.8 as follows:

#### 1.8 WORK PERFORMED BY OWNER

A. OWNER will perform bacteriological and high chlorine sampling and testing. CONTRACTOR shall provide all other work associated with this Section.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.10 **DISINFECTANT**

Add paragraph E as follows:

E. All products shall comply with NSF/ANSI 60.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 **PREPARATION**

Add paragraphs C and D as follows:

- C. Notify OWNER at least 72 hours prior to any flushing or disinfecting.
- D. Install temporary connections for flushing water lines after disinfection. After the satisfactory completion of the flushing work, remove and plug the temporary connection.

# 3.2 DISINFECTION OF WATER LINES

Revise paragraph D to read as follows:

D. Coordinate with OWNER to collect a bacteriological water sample at end of line to be tested. If sample fails bacteriological test, flush system and retest. Continue flushing and retesting until sample passes test.

*Revise paragraph G to read as follows:* 

G. After a passing bacteriological test sample is obtained, let the system relax for 24 hours. Flush and coordinate with OWNER to collect a subsequent bacteriological sample for testing. If the subsequent test passes, then water line is acceptable.

### 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Bacteriological Test:

### *Revise subparagraphs 1 and 2 to read as follows:*

- 1. Coordinate with OWNER to collect samples for testing no sooner than 16 hours after system flushing.
- 2. OWNER will have water samples analyzed per State of Utah requirements.

### Add Article 3.6 as follows:

### 3.6 SPECIAL PROCEDURE FOR TAPPING SLEEVES

A. Before a tapping sleeve is installed, the exterior of the main to be tapped shall be thoroughly cleaned, and the interior surface of the sleeve shall be lightly dusted with calcium hypochlorite powder.

**APPENDIX C - FRUIT HEIGHTS CITY PUBLIC WORKS STANDARD DRAWINGS** 

# FRUIT HEIGHTS CITY CORPORATION PUBLIC WORKS STANDARD DRAWINGS

### SUBMITTED & RECOMMENDED

TS CITY ENGINE BRANDON KENT JONES APPROVAL

9/13/18

DATE

JOHN POHLMAN FRUIT HEIGHTS CITY MAYOR

BRANDON GREEN FRUIT HEIGHTS CITY MANAGER

FRANDSEN CITY PUBLIC WORKS SUPERINTENDEN

CITY DEPLITY RECORD







# ADOPTED SEPTEMBER 4, 2018 / **REVISION 1 - APRIL 9, 2019**

# CONFIGURATION DETAILS AND CONCRETE JOINT DETAILS METER STATION DETAILS

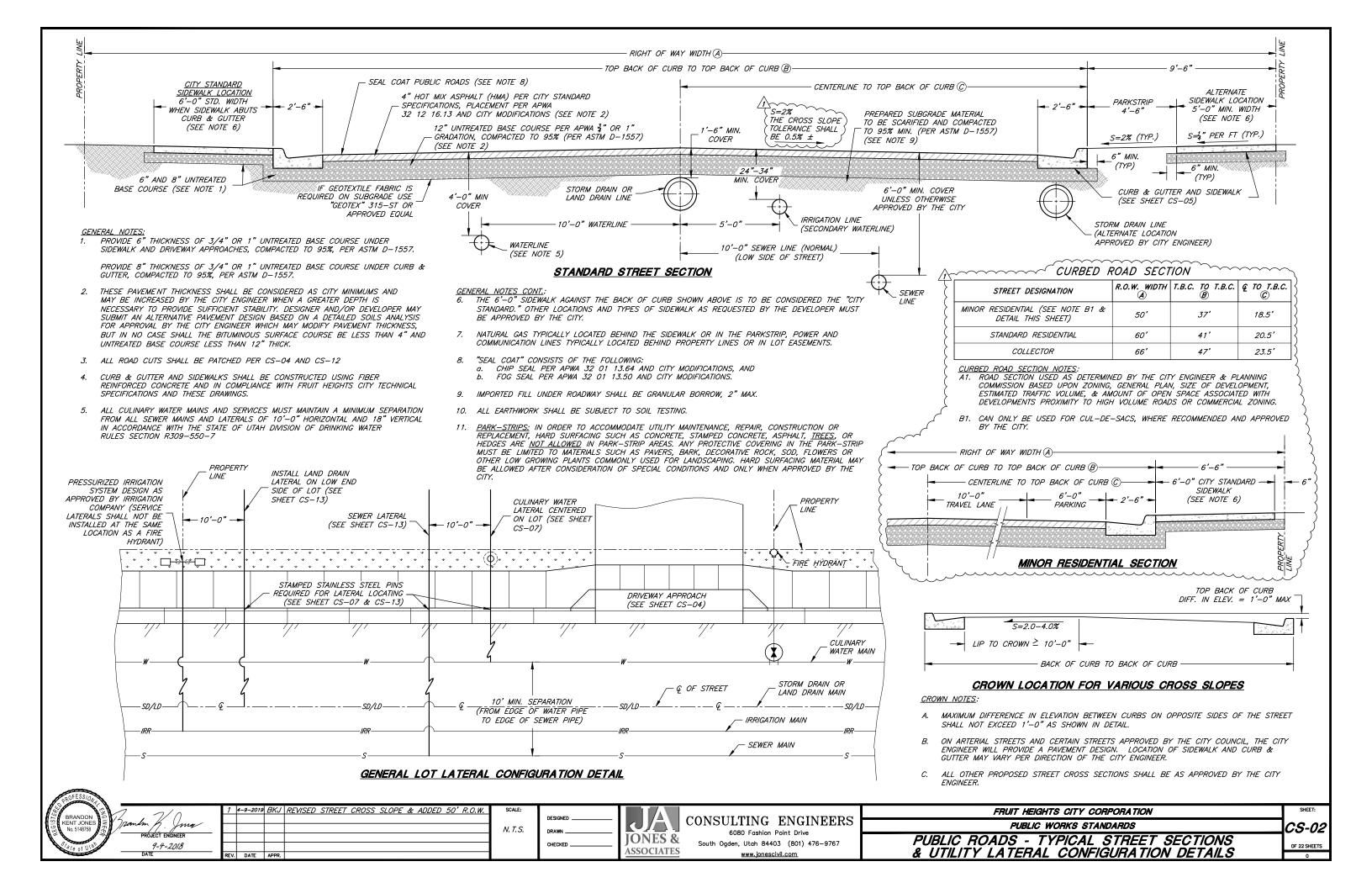
& MISC. VAULT DETAILS CS-14.....LAND DRAIN - TYPICAL MANHOLES & DETAILS

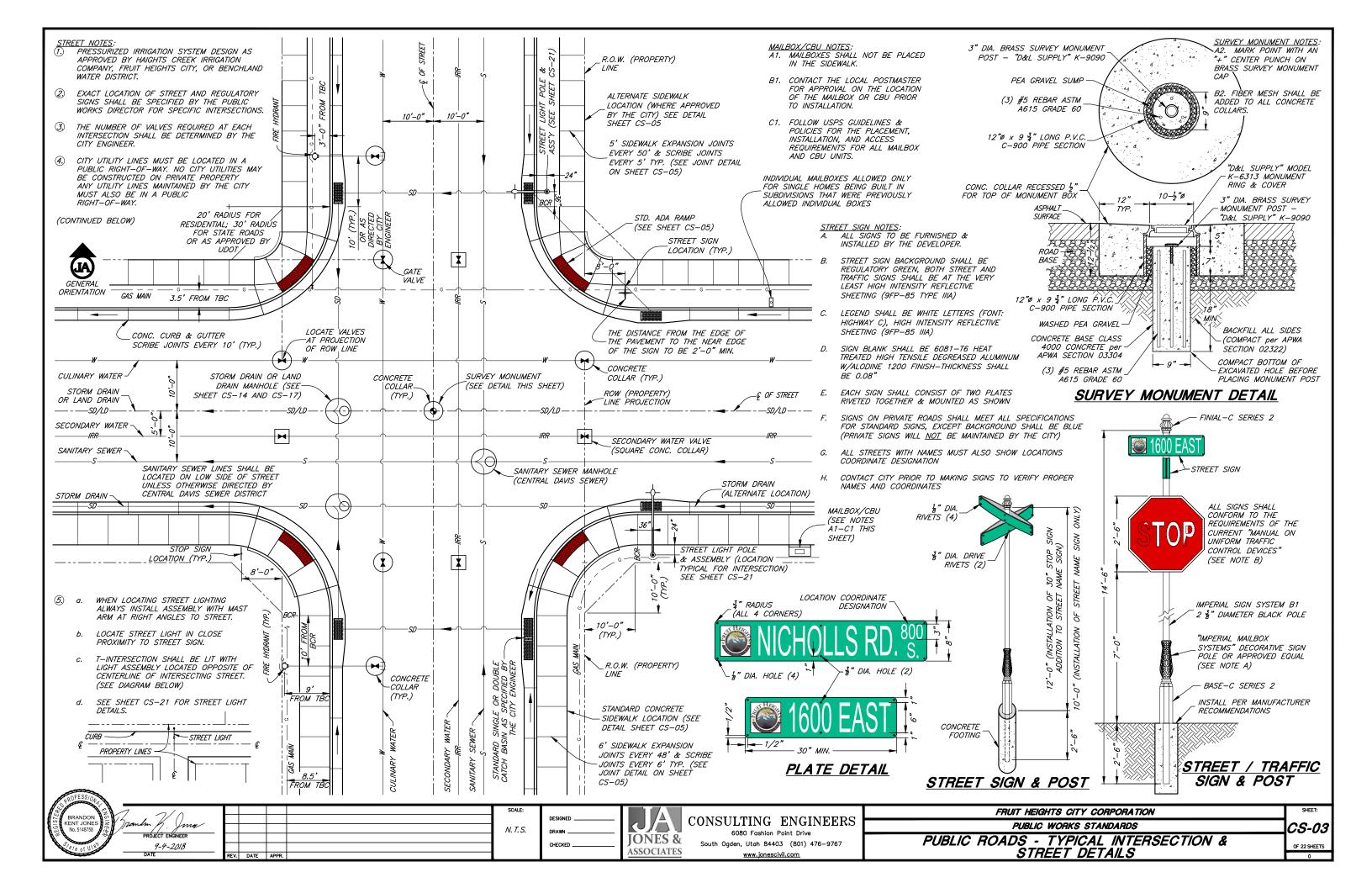
FRAME DETAILS CS-17.....STORM DRAIN - MANHOLE DETAILS CS-18.....STORM DRAIN - LARGE DETENTION BASIN DETAILS CS-19.....STORM DRAIN - SMALL DETENTION BASIN DETAILS CS-20....GENERAL - CHAIN LINK FENCE DETAILS CS-21.....GENERAL - STREET LIGHTING STANDARDS CS-22....GENERAL - LID (LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT) EXAMPLES

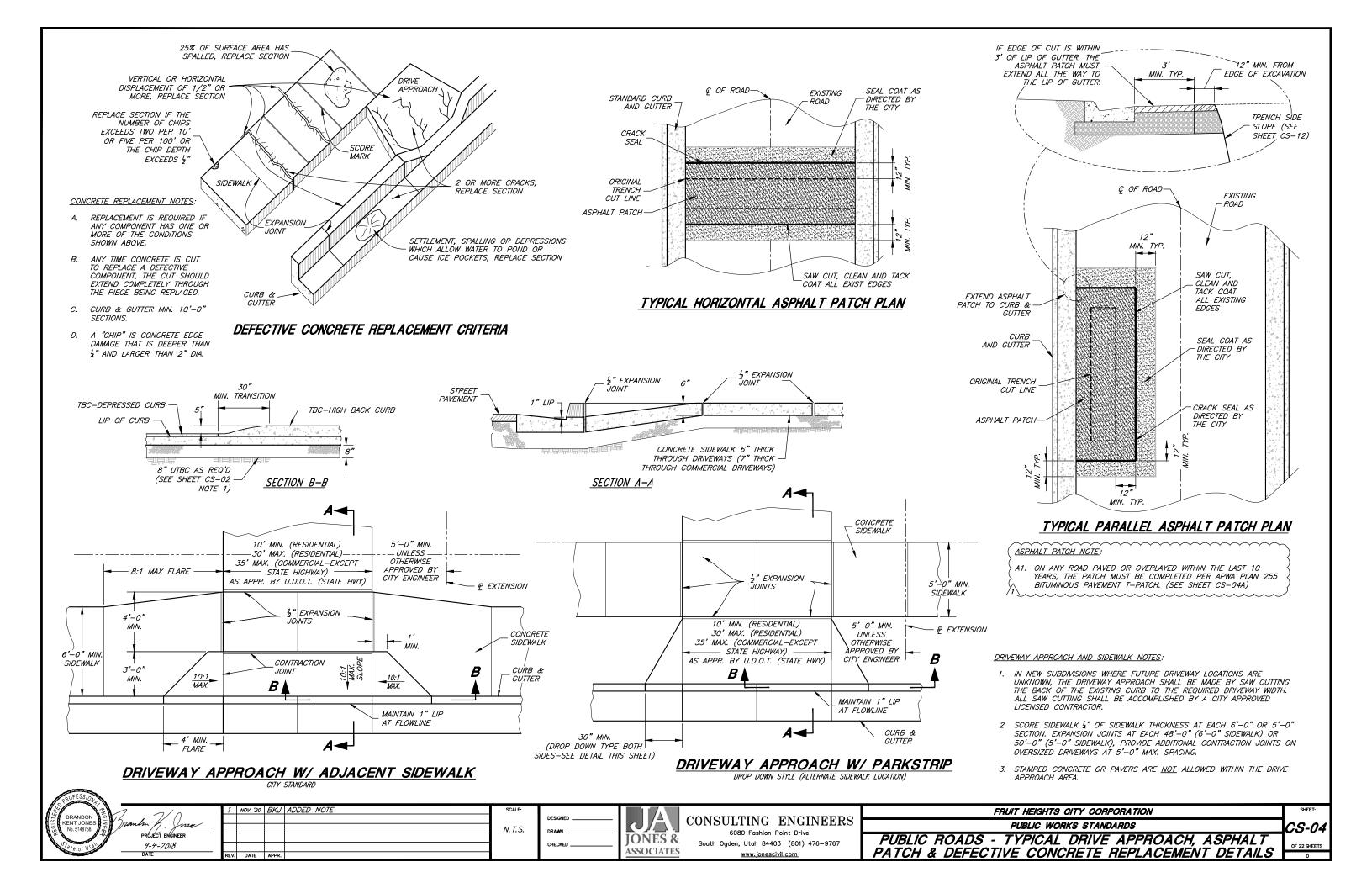
## Index of Drawings

CS-01.... TITLE PAGE & INDEX OF DRAWINGS

- 🛆 CS-02....PUBLIC ROADS TYPICAL STREET SECTIONS & UTILITY LATERAL
- CS-03....PUBLIC ROADS TYPICAL INTERSECTION & STREET DETAILS
- CS-04....PUBLIC ROADS TYPICAL DRIVE APPROACH, ASPHALT PATCH & DEFECTIVE CONCRETE REPLACEMENT DETAILS
- ACS-04A...PUBLIC ROADS APWA PLAN 255 BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT T-PATCH CS-05....PUBLIC ROADS - TYPICAL ADA RAMP, SIDEWALK, CURB & GUTTER,
- CS-06....PUBLIC ROADS CUL-DE-SAC & TEMP. TURNAROUND DETAILS CS-07....CULINARY WATER - RESIDENTIAL WATER SERVICE & STANDARD
- CS-08....CULINARY WATER AIR/VACUUM RELIEF STATION, FIRE HYDRANT & GATE VALVE DETAILS, AND CORROSION PROTECTION NOTES
- CS-09....CULINARY WATER TRACING WIRE INSTALLATION DETAILS
- CS-10.....CULINARY WATER PRESSURE REDUCTION STATION I
- CS-11.....CULINARY WATER PRESSURE REDUCTION STATION II
- CS-12.....CULINARY WATER THRUST BLOCK, WATERLINE LOOP, PIPE TRENCH
- CS-13.....LAND DRAIN / SANITARY SEWER LATERAL & CONNECTION DETAILS CS-15.....STORM DRAIN - SINGLE AND DOUBLE CATCH BASIN DETAILS
- CS-16.....STORM DRAIN DRAINAGE INLET BOX & GENERAL GRATE AND







### BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT T-PATCH NOTES:

### 1. GENERAL:

- A. VERTICAL CUTS IN BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT MAY BE DONE BY SAW OR PAVEMENT ZIPPING. IF CUTS GREATER THAN 6 INCHES ARE NECESSARY TO PREVENT PAVEMENT "BREAK OFF" CONSULT CITY ENGINEER FOR DIRECTION ON HANDLING ADDITIONAL COSTS.
- B. REPAIR A T-PATCH RESTORATION IF ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS OCCUR PRIOR TO FINAL PAYMENT OR AT THE END OF THE ONE YEAR CORRECTION PERIOD:
  - PAVEMENT SURFACE DISTORTION EXCEEDS 1/4-INCH DEVIATION IN 10 FEET. 1) REPAIR OPTION - PLANE OFF SURFACE DISTORTIONS. COAT PLANED SURFACE WITH A CATIONIC OR ANIONIC MULSION THAT COMPLIES WITH APWA SECTION 32 12 03.
  - SEPARATION APPEARS AT A CONNECTION TO AN EXITING PAVEMENT OR ANY STREET FIXTURE. 2) REPAIR OPTION - BLOW SEPARATION CLEAN AND APPLY JOINT SEALANT, PLAN 265.
  - CRACKS AT LEAST 1-FOOT LONG AND 1/4-INCH WIDE OCCUR MORE OFTEN THAN 1 IN 10 SQUARE FEET. 3) <u>REPAIR OPTION</u> – BLOW CLEAN AND APPLY CRACK SEAL, PLAN 265.
  - PAVEMENT RAVELING IS GREATER THAN 1 SQUARE FOOT PER 100 SQUARE FEET. 4) REPAIR OPTION - MILL AND INLAY, APWA SECTIONS 32 01 16.71 AND 32 12 05.

### 2. PRODUCTS:

- BASE COURSE: UNTREATED BASE COURSE, APWA SECTION 32 11 23. DO NOT USE GRAVEL AS A BASE COURSE А. WITHOUT ENGINEER'S PERMISSION.
- FLOWABLE FILL:TARGET IS 60 PSI IN 28 DAYS WITH 90 PSI MAXIMUM IN 28 DAYS, APWA SECTION 31 05 15. В. IT MUST FLOW EASILY REQUIRING NO VIBRATION FOR CONSOLIDATION.
- REINFORCEMENT: NO. 5 GALVANIZED OR EPOXY COATED, DEFORMED, 60 KSI YIELD GRADE STEEL, ASTM A615. С.
- CONCRETE:CLASS 4000, APWA SECTION 03 30 04. D.
- TACK COAT: APWA SECTION 32 12 05. Ε.
- BITUMINOUS CONCRETE: APWA SECTION 32 12 05. F.
  - WARM WEATHER PATCH: PG64-22-DM-1/2, UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE. 1)
  - 2) COLD WEATHER PATCH: MODIFIED MC-250-FM-1 AS INDICATED IN APWA SECTION 33 05 25.
- 3. EXECUTION:
  - BASE COURSE PLACEMENT: APWA SECTION 32 05 10. MAXIMUM LIFT THICKNESS BEFORE COMPACTION IS Α. 8-INCHES WHEN USING RIDING EQUIPMENT OR 6-INCHES WHEN USING HAND HELD EQUIPMENT. COMPACTION IS 95 PERCENT OR GREATER RELATIVE TO A MODIFIED PROCTOR DENSITY, APWA SECTION 31 23 26.
  - CURE TO INITIAL SET BEFORE PLACING AGGREGATE BASE OR BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT. USE B. FLOWABLE FILL: IN EXCAVATIONS THAT ARE TOO NARROW TO RECEIVE COMPACTION EQUIPMENT.
  - C. TACK COAT: CLEAN ALL HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL SURFACES. APPLY FULL COVERAGE ALL SURFACES.
  - PAVEMENT PLACEMENT: FOLLOW APWA SECTION 32 12 16.13. UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE, LIFT THICKNESS D. IS 3-INCHES MINIMUM AFTER COMPACTION. COMPACT TO 94 PERCENT OF ASTM D2041 (RICE DENSITY) PLUS OR MINUS 2 PERCENT
  - BITUMINOUS CONCRETE SUBSTITUTION: IF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE IS SUBSTITUTED FOR PORTLAND CEMENT Ε. CONCRETE SUBSTRATE, OMIT REBAR AND PROVIDE 1.25 INCHES OF BITUMINOUS CONCRETE FOR EACH 1 INCH OF PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE. FOLLOW PARAGRAPH E REQUIREMENTS.
  - F. REINFORCEMENT: REQUIRED IF THICKNESS OF EXISTING PORTLAND-CEMENT CONCRETE SUBSTRATE IS 6-INCHES OR GREATER. NOT REQUIRED IF:
    - 1) LESS THAN 6-INCHES THICK,
    - 2) IF EXISTING CONCRETE IS DETERIORATING,
    - 3) IF EXCAVATION IS LESS THAN 3 FEET SQUARE, OR
    - 4) IF BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT IS SUBSTITUTED FOR PORTLAND-CEMENT CONCRETE SUBSTRATE.
  - G. CONCRETE SUBSTRATE: CURE TO INITIAL SET BEFORE PLACING NEW BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PATCH.

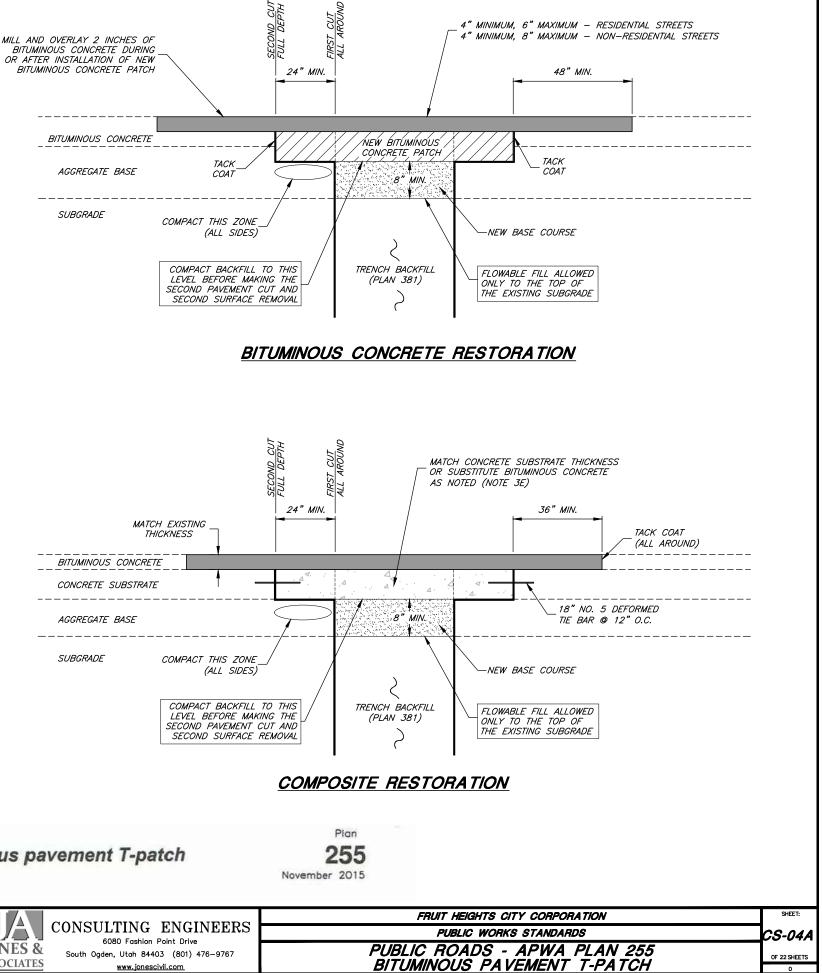


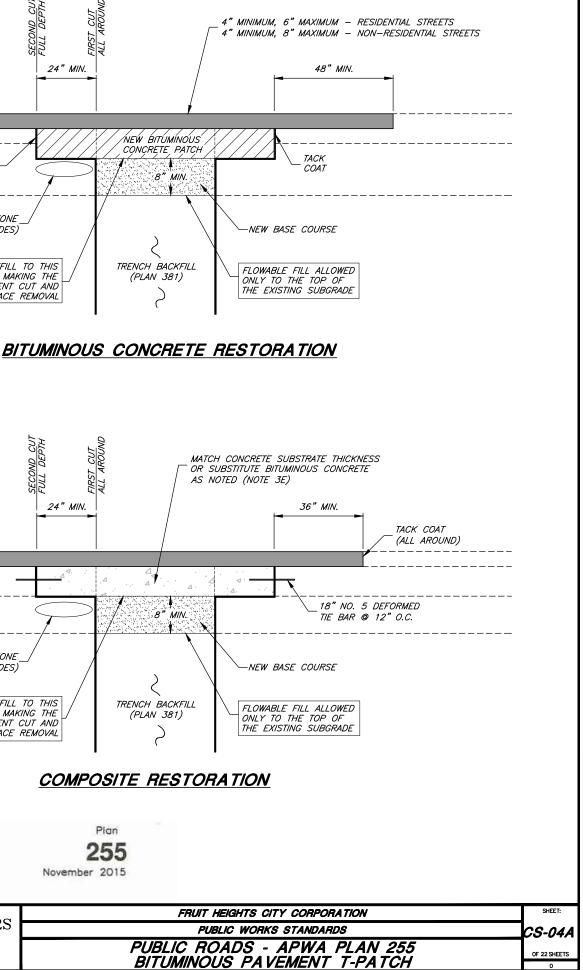
# **Bituminous pavement T-patch**

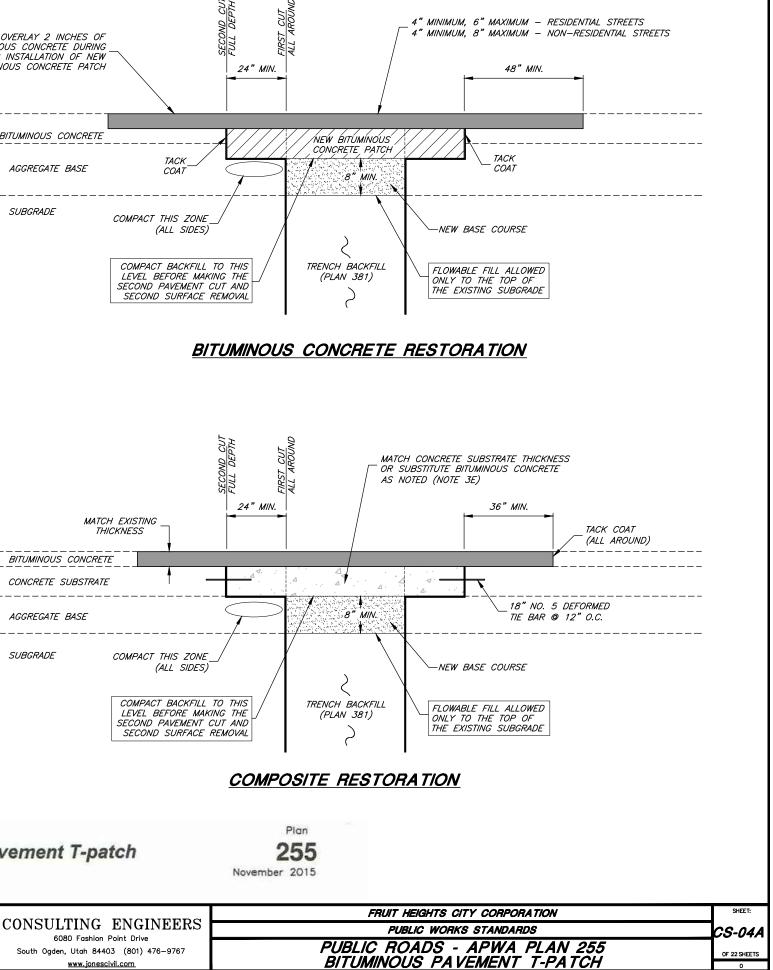




NOV 20 BKJ ADDED APWA REFERENCE NOTES & DETAILS TO STANDARDS SCALE DESIGNED CONSULTING ENGINEERS ma N. T. S. DRAW 6080 Fashion Point Drive ROJECT ENGINEE **JONES &** South Ogden, Utah 84403 (801) 476-9767 CHECKED 9-4-2018 ASSOCIATES DATE www.jonescivil.com

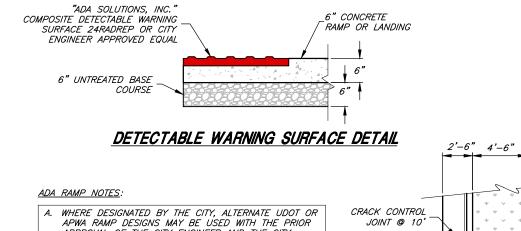


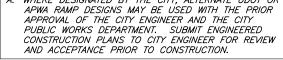




### DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE NOTES:

- LOCATE THE DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE SO THE OUTSIDE CORNER NEAREST THE STREET IS WITHIN 1 INCH OF THE BACK OF CURB (TBC). PROVIDE 2-FOOT MINIMUM DFPTH
- 2. PROVIDE DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE FOR FULL WIDTH OF CURB CUT.
- 3. THE DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE DOMES SHALL BE ORIENTED SUCH THAT THE ROWS ARE PARALLEL WITH THE DIRECTION OF PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL TO THE RAMP ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE STREET
- THE STANDARD COLOR FOR THE DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE SHALL BE <u>RED</u> OR 4. PRE-APPROVED CONTRASTING COLOR. WHEN THE EXISTING SIDEWALK COLOR IS NOT STANDARD CONCRETE, THE COLOR OF THE DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE CITY ENGINEER OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.
- 5. WHEN A DETECTABLE WARNING SURFACE DOME IS CUT, THE REMAINING PORTION OF THE DOME SHALL BE BEVELED TO A MAXIMUM SLOPE OF 1:2.



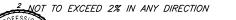


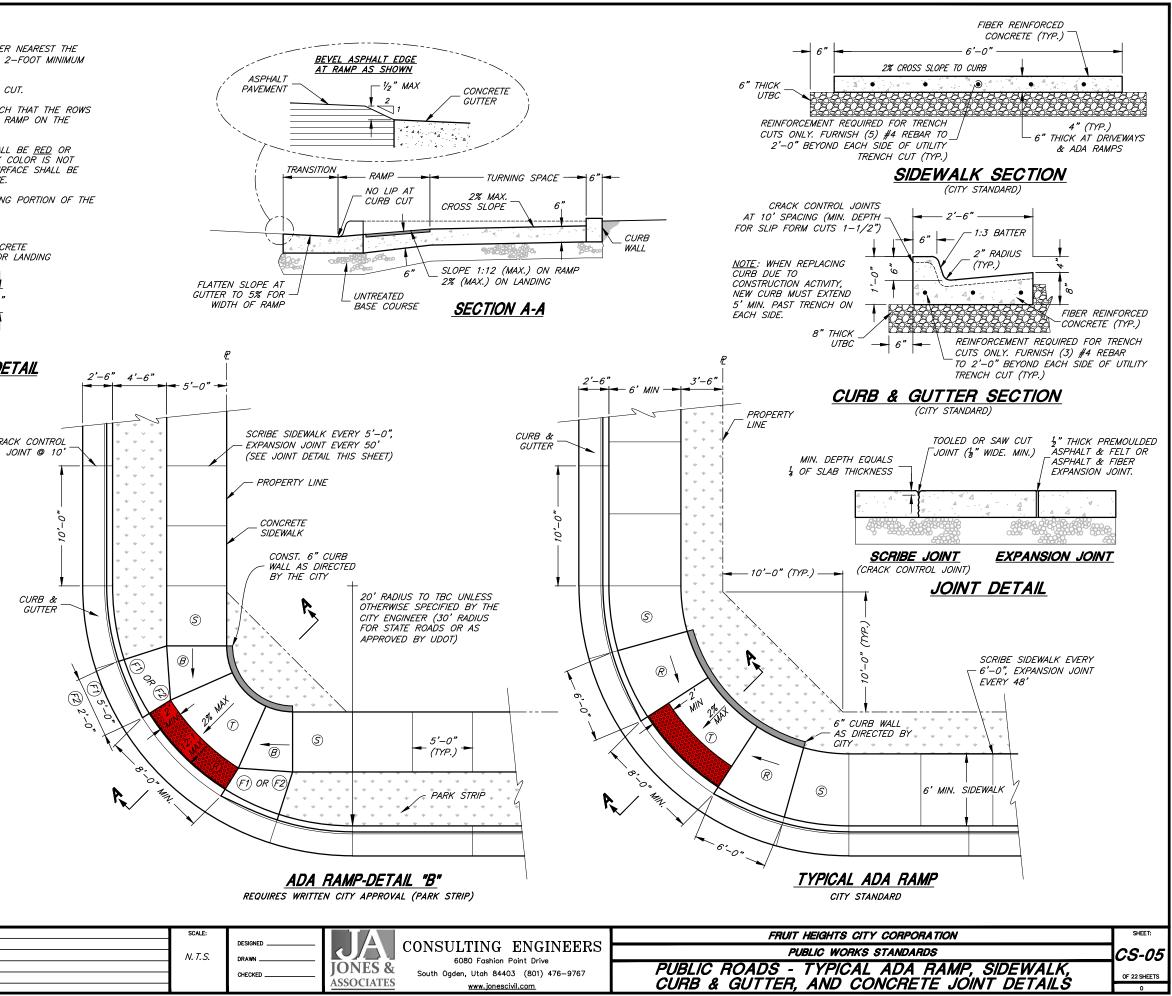
- B. SITE CONDITIONS WILL VARY. CONFIGURATION OF RAMP, LANDING, AND TRANSITION MAY BE CHANGED, BUT THEY MUST MEET DIMENSIONS AND SLOPES AS SHOWN IN THE MOST RECENT EDITION OF THE U.D.O.T. STANDARDS & SPECIFICATIONS (SHEETS PA1 THROUGH PA5). THE USE OF FLARES, CURB WALLS, ETC. ARE AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ENGINEER.
- C. LOCATE CURB CUT WITHIN CROSSWALK.
- D. RAMP GRADE BREAK MUST BE PERPENDICULAR TO THE RUNNING SLOPE.

	SLOPE TABLE							
	ITEM	MAX RUNNING SLOPE*	MAX. CROSS SLOPE*					
$\bigcirc$	TURNING SPACE <sup>2</sup>	2% (1V:48H)	2% (1V:48H)					
R	RAMP	8.3% (1V:12H)	2% (1V:48H)					
S	SIDEWALK	5% (1:20) <sup>1</sup>	2% (1V:48H)					
Ē	TRAVERSABLE SURFACE	10% (1V:10Н)						
F2	NON-TRAVERSABLE SURFACE	25% (1V:4H)						
₿	BLENDED TRANSITION	5% (1V:20H) 2% MIN.	2% (1V:48H)					

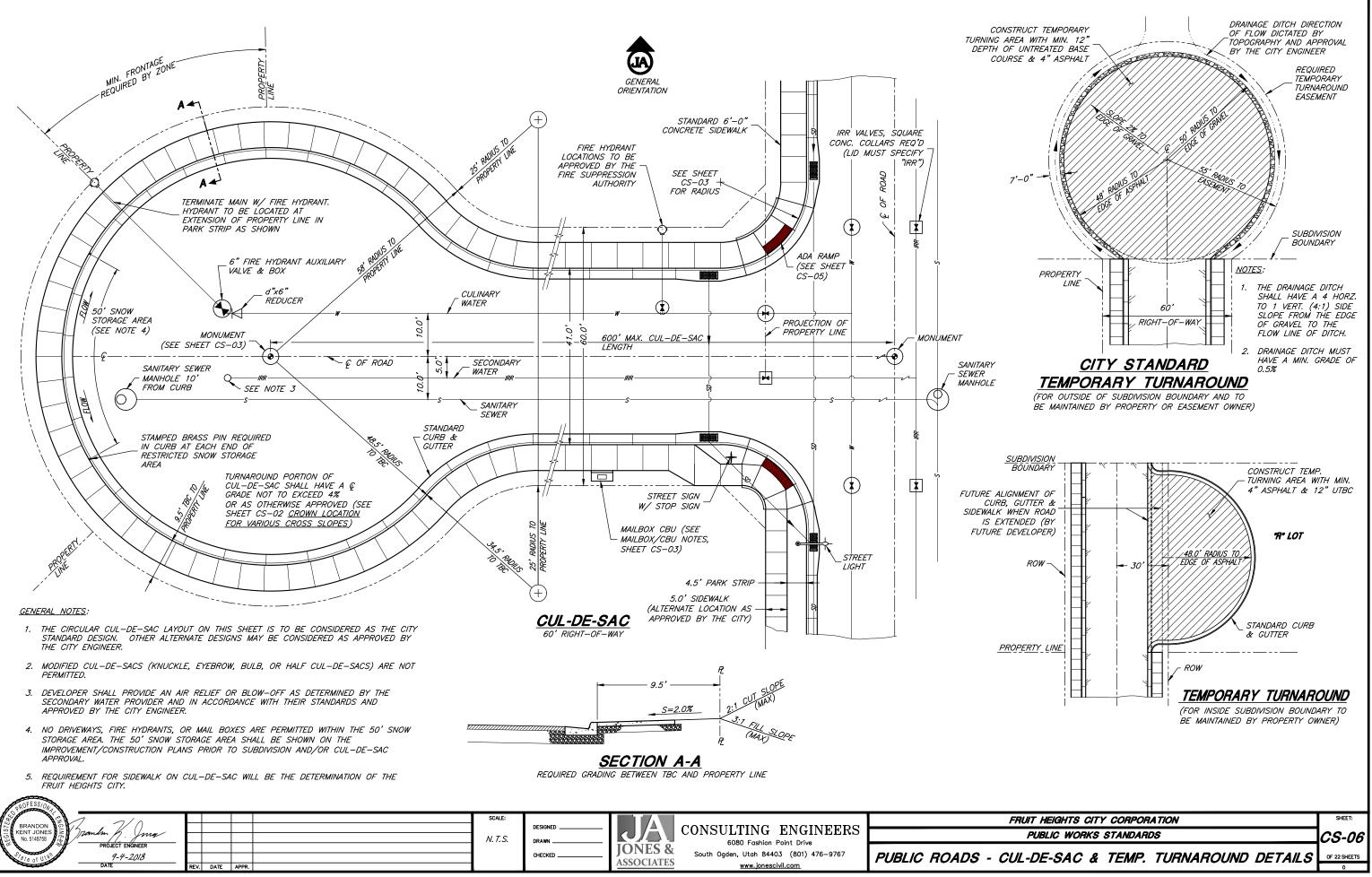
\* RUNNING SLOPE IS IN THE DIRECTION OF PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL. CROSS SLOPE IS PERPENDICULAR TO PEDESTRIAN TRAVFI



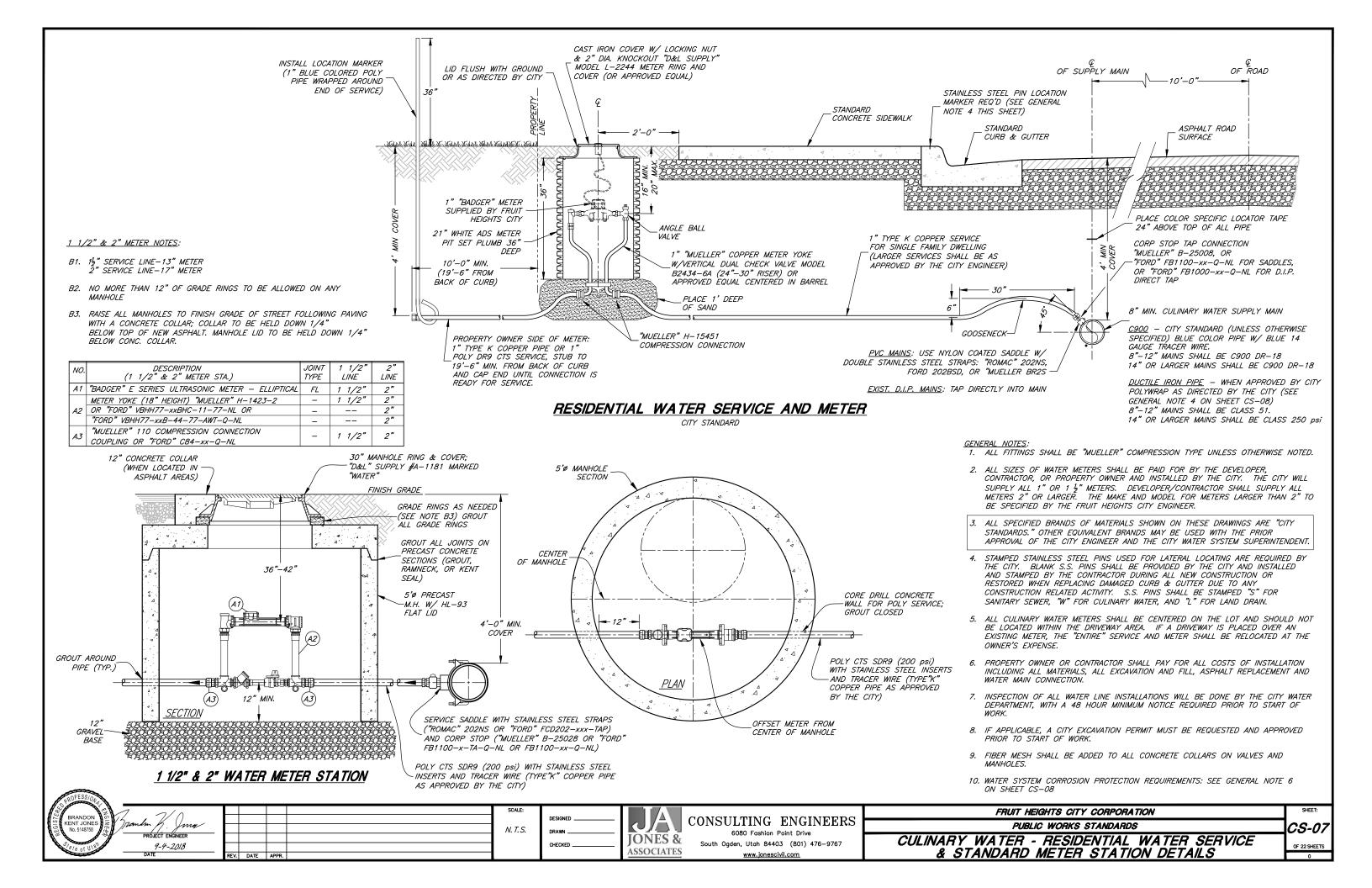


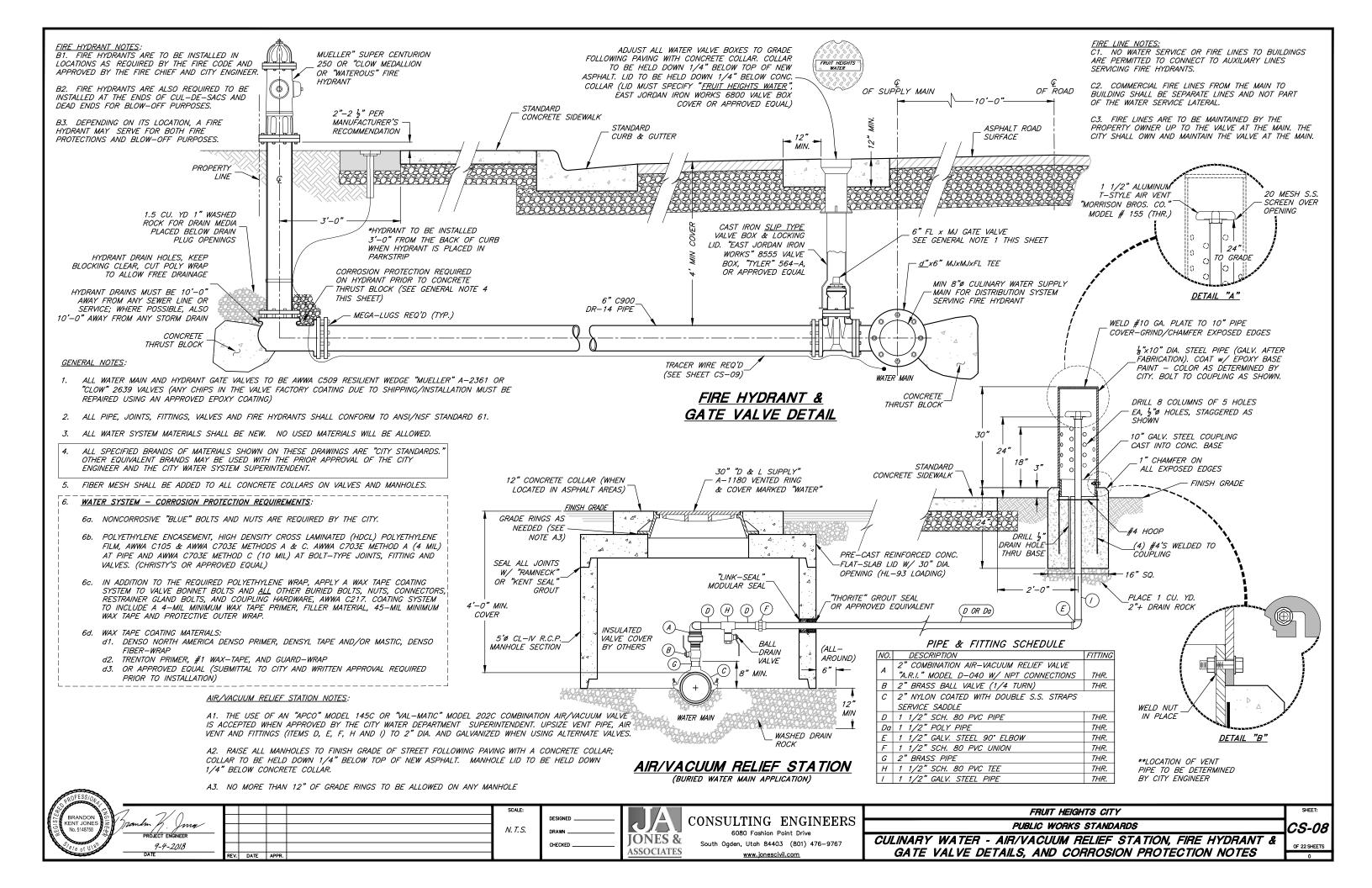


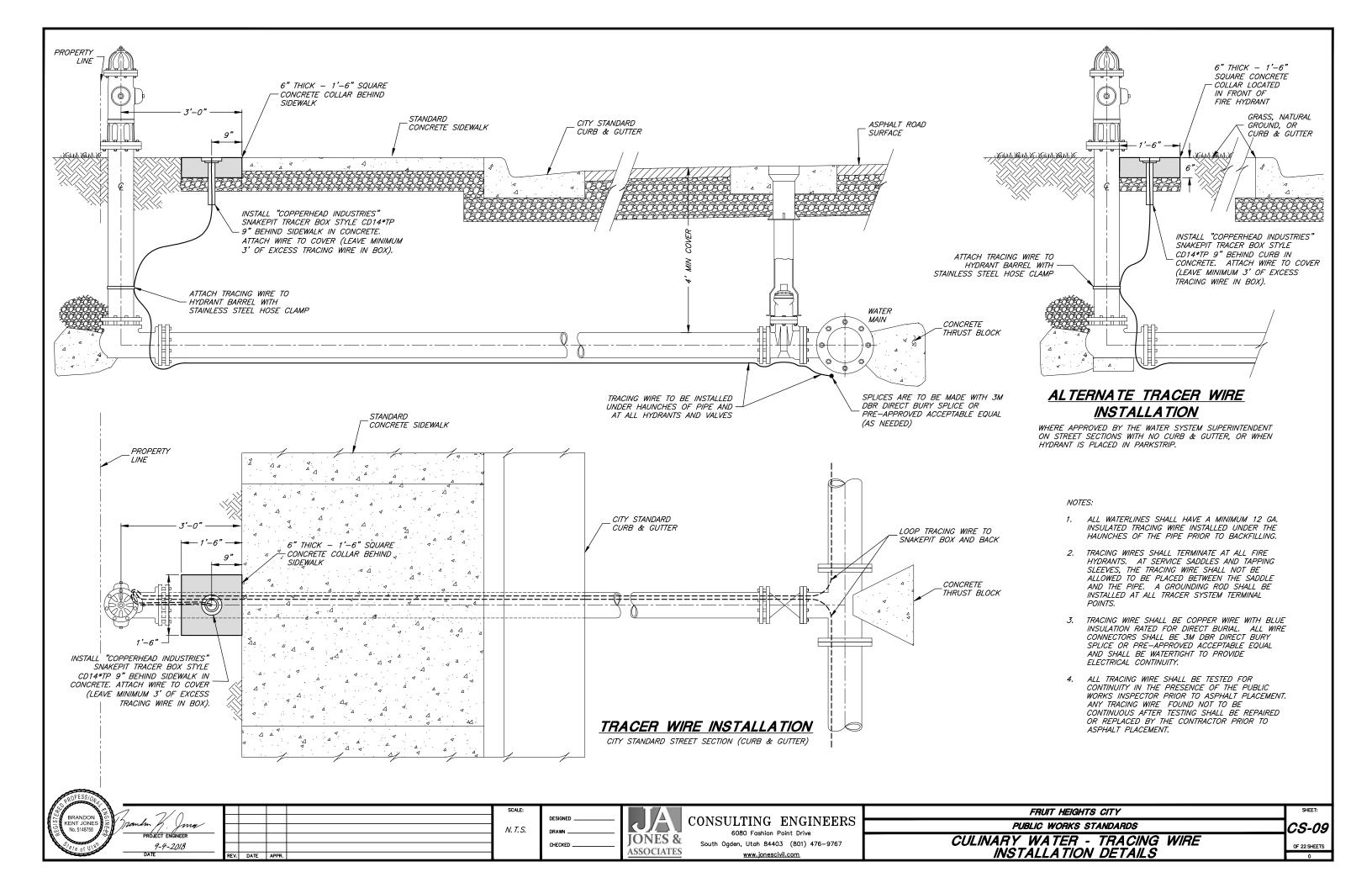
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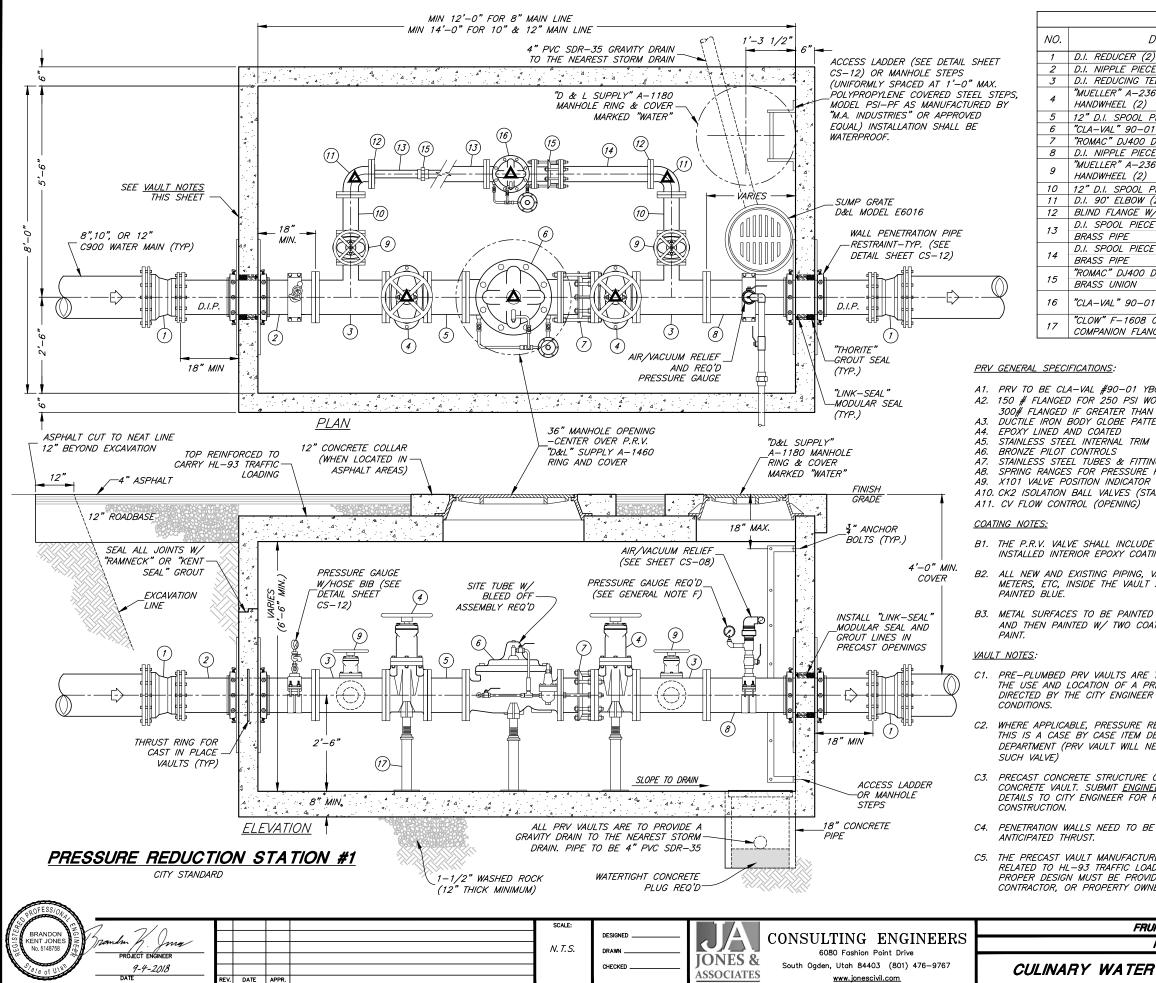


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CHECKED	JUNE
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PIPE & FITTING	<u>SCHED</u>			
DESCRIPTION	JOINT	8"	10"	12"
DESCRIFTION	TYPE	LINE	LINE	LINE
<i>'</i> /	MJxMJ	8"x6"	10"x8"	12"x10"
Ê	FLxPE	6"	8"	10"
EE (2)	FL	6"X6"X4"	8"X8"X4"	10"X10"X4"
61 GATE VALVE W/	FL	6"	8"	10"
PIECE	FL	6"	8"	10"
1 PRESSURE REDUCTION VALVE	FL	6"	8"	10"
DISMANTLING JOINT	FL	6"	8"	10"
Ê	FLxPE	6"	8"	10"
61 GATE VALVE W/	FL	4"	4"	4"
PIECE	FL	4"	4"	4"
(2)	FL	4"	4"	4"
/ THR. CONNECTION (2)	FLxTHR.	4"x2"		
Ē	FL		4"	4"
	THR.	2" 		
-	FL		4"	4"
	THR.	2" 		
DISMANTLING JOINT	FL		4"	4"
	THR.	2"		
1 PRESSURE REDUCTION VALVE	FL		4"	4"
1 PRESSURE REDUCTION VALVE	THR.	2"		
OR "ANVIL" #264 GALV. PIPE S IGE & VARIABLE HEIGHT 3" NIPI				SYMBOL

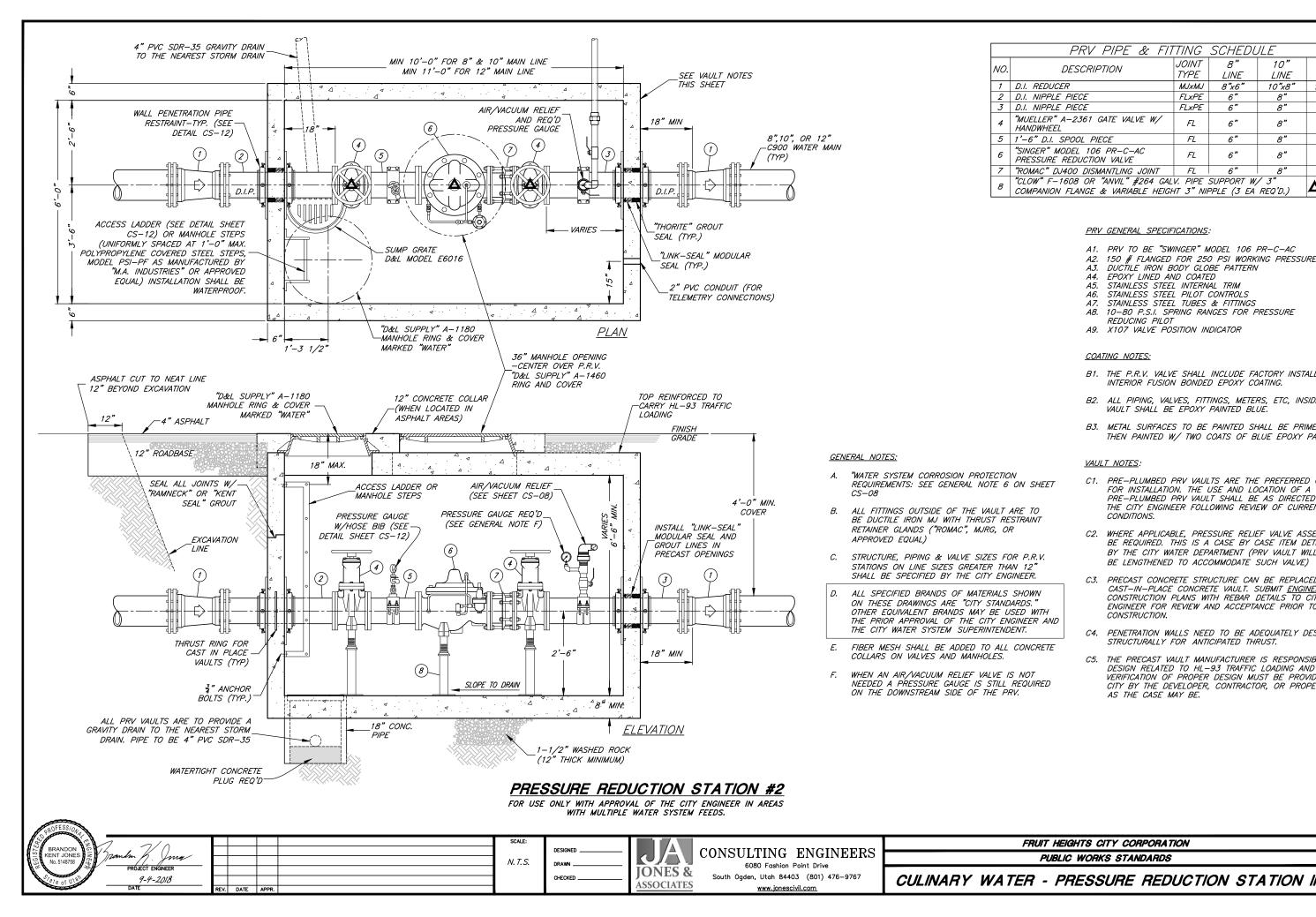
GENERAL NOTES:

YBCSKC WORKING PRESSURE,	А.	WATER SYSTEM CORROSION PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS: SEE GENERAL NOTE 6 ON SHEET CS-08
IAN 250 PSI ITTERN IM	В.	ALL FITTINGS OUTSIDE OF THE VAULT ARE TO BE DUCTILE IRON MJ WITH THRUST RESTRAINT RETAINER GLANDS ("ROMAC", MJRG, OR APPROVED EQUAL)
TINGS PE REDUCING PILOT DR STAINLESS)	С.	STRUCTURE, PIPING & VALVE SIZES FOR P.R.V. STATIONS ON LINE SIZES GREATER THAN 12" SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.
IDE FACTORY ATING.	D.	ALL SPECIFIED BRANDS OF MATERIALS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS ARE "CITY STANDARDS." OTHER EQUIVALENT BRANDS MAY BE USED WITH THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE CITY ENGINEER AND THE CITY WATER SYSTEM SUPERINTENDENT.
, VALVES, FITTINGS, LT SHALL BE EPOXY	Е.	FIBER MESH SHALL BE ADDED TO ALL CONCRETE COLLARS ON VALVES AND MANHOLES.
TED SHALL BE PRIMED COATS OF BLUE EPOXY	F.	WHEN AN AIR/VACUUM RELIEF VALVE IS NOT NEEDED A PRESSURE GAUGE IS STILL REQUIRED ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF THE PRV.
RE THE PREFERRED OPT PRE-PLUMBED PRV VAL ER FOLLOWING REVIEW	JLT S	HALL BE AS
RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBL DETERMINED BY THE C NEED TO BE LENGTHEN	YTY W	'ATER
E CAN BE REPLACED W I <u>NEERED</u> CONSTRUCTION R REVIEW AND ACCEPTA	PLAN	IS WITH REBAR
BE ADEQUATELY DESIGN	IED S	TRUCTURALLY FOR
TURER IS RESPONSIBLE OADING AND THRUST. DVIDED TO THE CITY BY WNER AS THE CASE MA	VERIFI THE	CATION OF

 FRUIT HEIGHTS CITY CORPORATION
 SHEET:

 PUBLIC WORKS STANDARDS
 CS-10

 CULINARY WATER - PRESSURE REDUCTION STATION /
 OF 22 SHEETS



PRV PIPE & FIT	TING	SCHEDL	ILE	
DESCRIPTION	JOINT TYPE	8" LINE	10" LINE	12" LINE
REDUCER	MJxMJ	8"x6"	10"x8"	12"x10"
NIPPLE PIECE	FLxPE	6"	8"	10"
NIPPLE PIECE	FLxPE	6"	8"	10"
LLER" A-2361 GATE VALVE W/ DWHEEL	FL	6"	8"	10"
" D.I. SPOOL PIECE	FL	6"	8"	10"
GER" MODEL 106 PR-C-AC SSURE REDUCTION VALVE	FL	6"	8"	10"
AC" DJ400 DISMANTLING JOINT	FL	6"	8"	10"
W"F–1608 OR "ANVIL" #264 GAL PANION FLANGE & VARIABLE HEIGF	SYMBOL			

PRV GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS:

- PRV TO BE "SWINGER" MODEL 106 PR-C-AC
- 150 # FLANGED FOR 250 PSI WORKING PRESSURE, A2.
- A.3. DUCTILE IRON BODY GLOBE PATTERN A4
- EPOXY LINED AND COATED A5.
- STAINLESS STEEL INTERNAL TRIM 46
- STAINLESS STEEL PILOT CONTROLS STAINLESS STEEL TUBES & FITTINGS A7.
- 10-80 P.S.I. SPRING RANGES FOR PRESSURE A8.
- REDUCING PILOT
- A9. X107 VALVE POSITION INDICATOR

COATING NOTES:

- B1. THE P.R.V. VALVE SHALL INCLUDE FACTORY INSTALLED INTERIOR FUSION BONDED EPOXY COATING.
- B2. ALL PIPING, VALVES, FITTINGS, METERS, ETC, INSIDE THE VAULT SHALL BE EPOXY PAINTED BLUE.
- B3. METAL SURFACES TO BE PAINTED SHALL BE PRIMED AND THEN PAINTED W/ TWO COATS OF BLUE EPOXY PAINT.

VAULT NOTES:

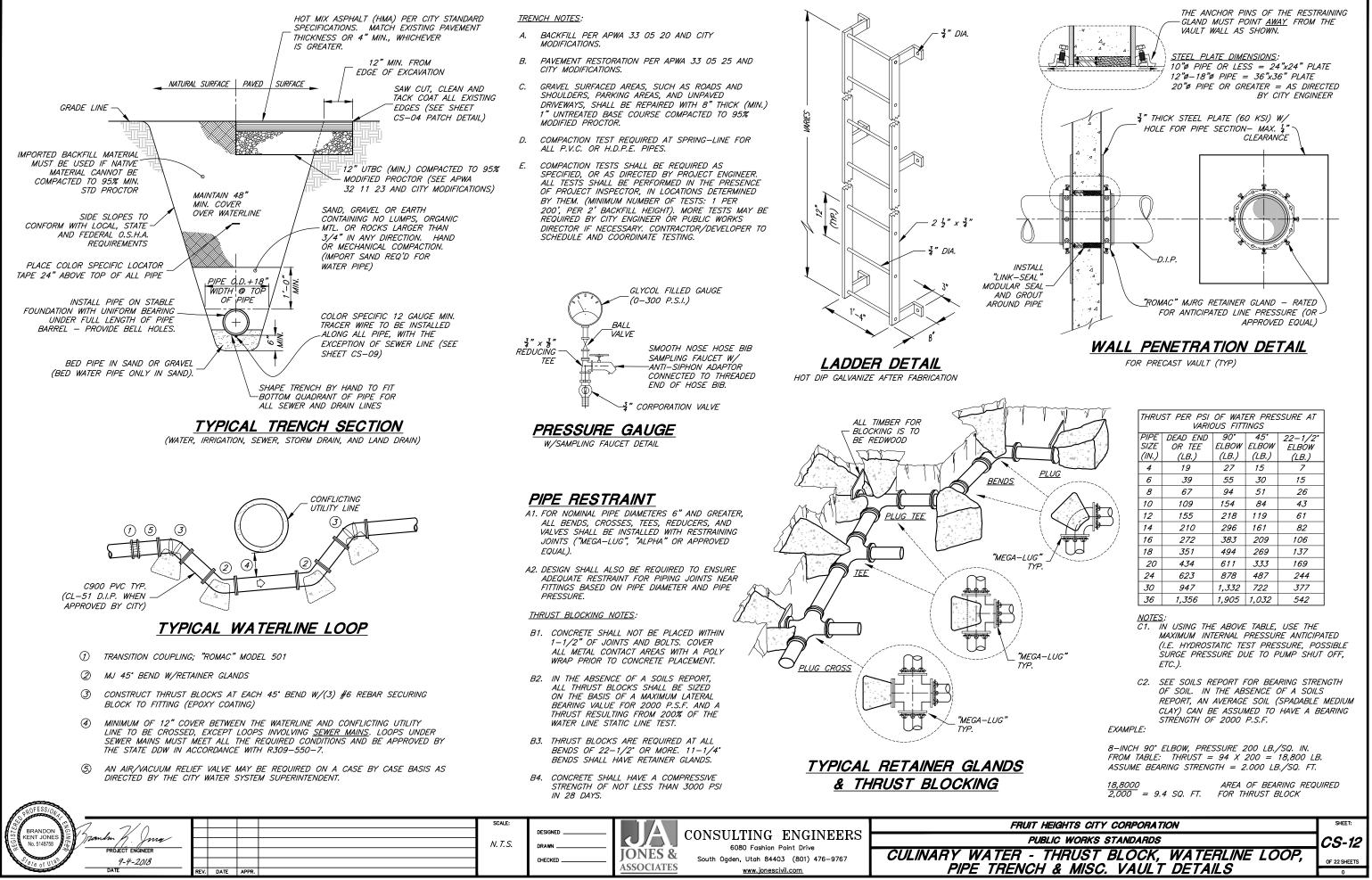
C1. PRE-PLUMBED PRV VAULTS ARE THE PREFERRED OPTION FOR INSTALLATION. THE USE AND LOCATION OF A PRE-PLUMBED PRV VAULT SHALL BE AS DIRECTED BY THE CITY ENGINEER FOLLOWING REVIEW OF CURRENT SITE CONDITIONS.

C2. WHERE APPLICABLE, PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY MAY BE REQUIRED. THIS IS A CASE BY CASE ITEM DETERMINED BY THE CITY WATER DEPARTMENT (PRV VAULT WILL NEED TO BE LENGTHENED TO ACCOMMODATE SUCH VALVE)

- C3. PRECAST CONCRETE STRUCTURE CAN BE REPLACED WITH CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE VAULT. SUBMIT ENGINEERED CONSTRUCTION PLANS WITH REBAR DETAILS TO CITY ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- C4. PENETRATION WALLS NEED TO BE ADEQUATELY DESIGNED STRUCTURALLY FOR ANTICIPATED THRUST.
- THE PRECAST VAULT MANUFACTURER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR C5. DESIGN RELATED TO HL-93 TRAFFIC LOADING AND THRUST. VERIFICATION OF PROPER DESIGN MUST BE PROVIDED TO THE CITY BY THE DEVELOPER, CONTRACTOR, OR PROPERTY OWNER AS THE CASE MAY BE.

FRUIT HEIGHTS CITY CORPORATION PUBLIC WORKS STANDARDS





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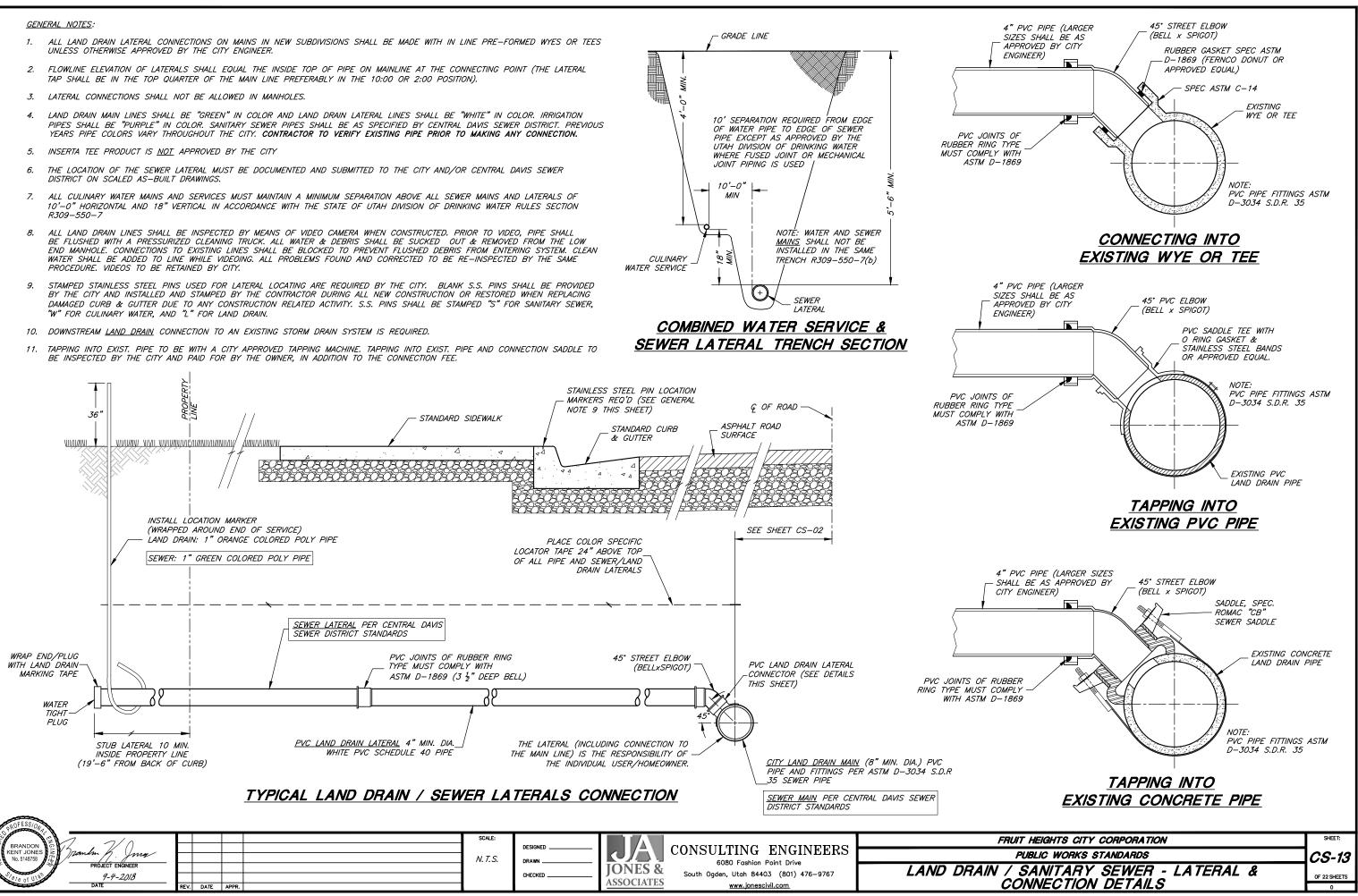
THRUST PER PSI OF WATER PRESSURE AT								
VARIOUS FITTINGS								
PIPE	DEAD END	90°	45°	22-1/2*				
SIZE	OR TEE	ELBOW	ELBOW	ELBOW				
(IN.)	(LB.)	(LB.)	(LB.)	(LB.)				
4	19	27	15	7				
6	39	55	30	15				
8	67	94	51	26				
10	109	154	84	43				
12	155	218	119	61				
14	210	296	161	82				
16	272	383	209	106				
18	351	494	269	137				
20	434	611	333	169				
24	623	878	487	244				
30	947	1,332	722	377				
36	1,356	1,905	1,032	542				

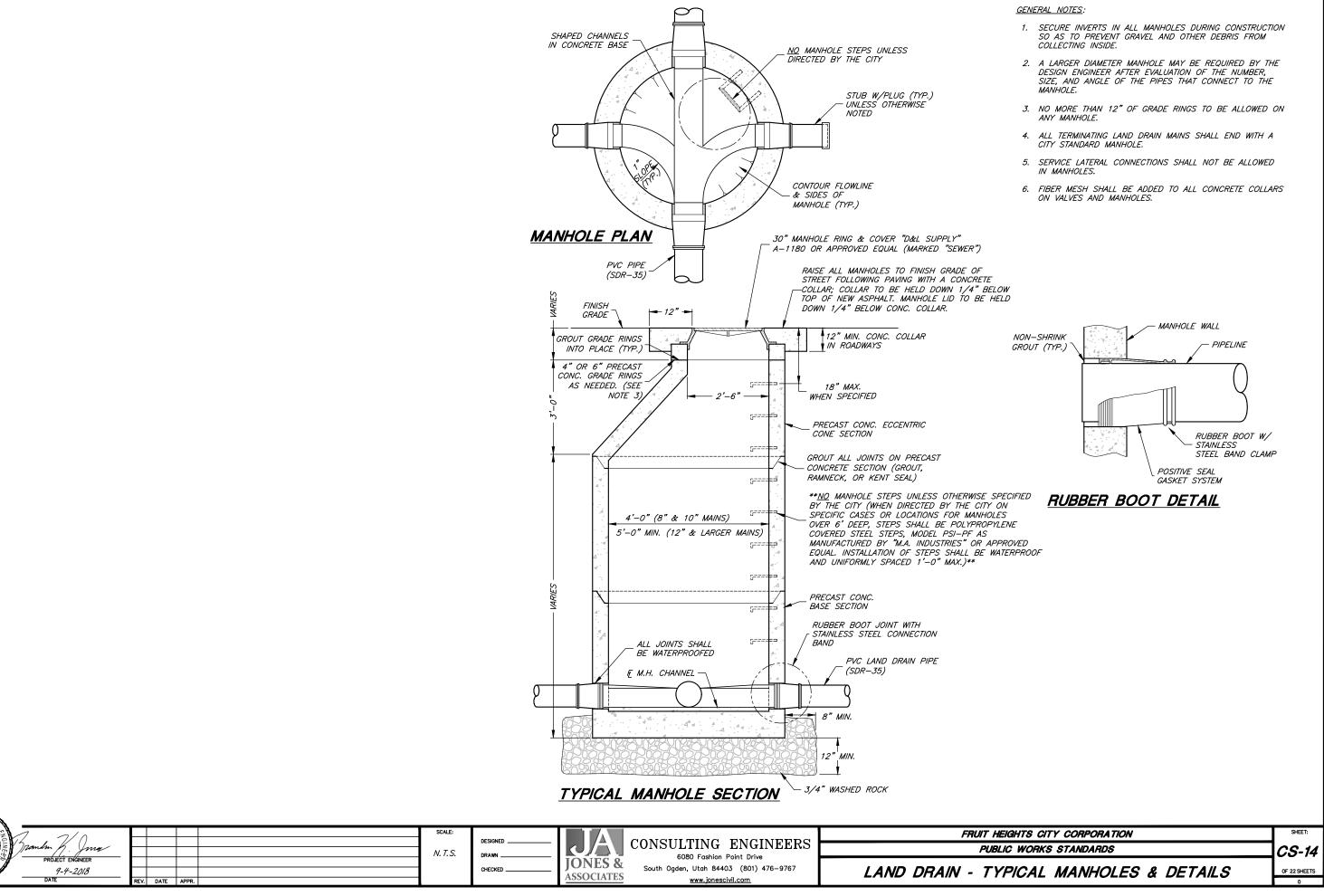
- UNIESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY THE CITY ENGINEER.

- PIPES SHALL BE "PURPLE" IN COLOR. SANITARY SEWER PIPES SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED BY CENTRAL DAVIS SEWER DISTRICT. PREVIOUS
- 5.
- DISTRICT ON SCALED AS-BUILT DRAWINGS.
- 10'-O" HORIZONTAL AND 18" VERTICAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE OF UTAH DIVISION OF DRINKING WATER RULES SECTION R309-550-7
- BE FLUSHED WITH A PRESSURIZED CLEANING TRUCK. ALL WATER & DEBRIS SHALL BE SUCKED OUT & REMOVED FROM THE LOW WATER SHALL BE ADDED TO LINE WHILE VIDEOING. ALL PROBLEMS FOUND AND CORRECTED TO BE RE-INSPECTED BY THE SAME PROCEDURE. VIDEOS TO BE RETAINED BY CITY.
- BY THE CITY AND INSTALLED AND STAMPED BY THE CONTRACTOR DURING ALL NEW CONSTRUCTION OR RESTORED WHEN REPLACING "W" FOR CULINARY WATER, AND "L" FOR LAND DRAIN.
- 11. BE INSPECTED BY THE CITY AND PAID FOR BY THE OWNER, IN ADDITION TO THE CONNECTION FEE.

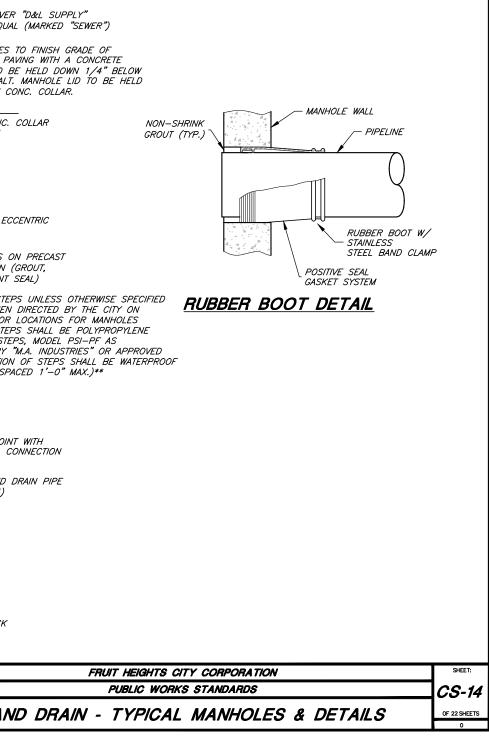


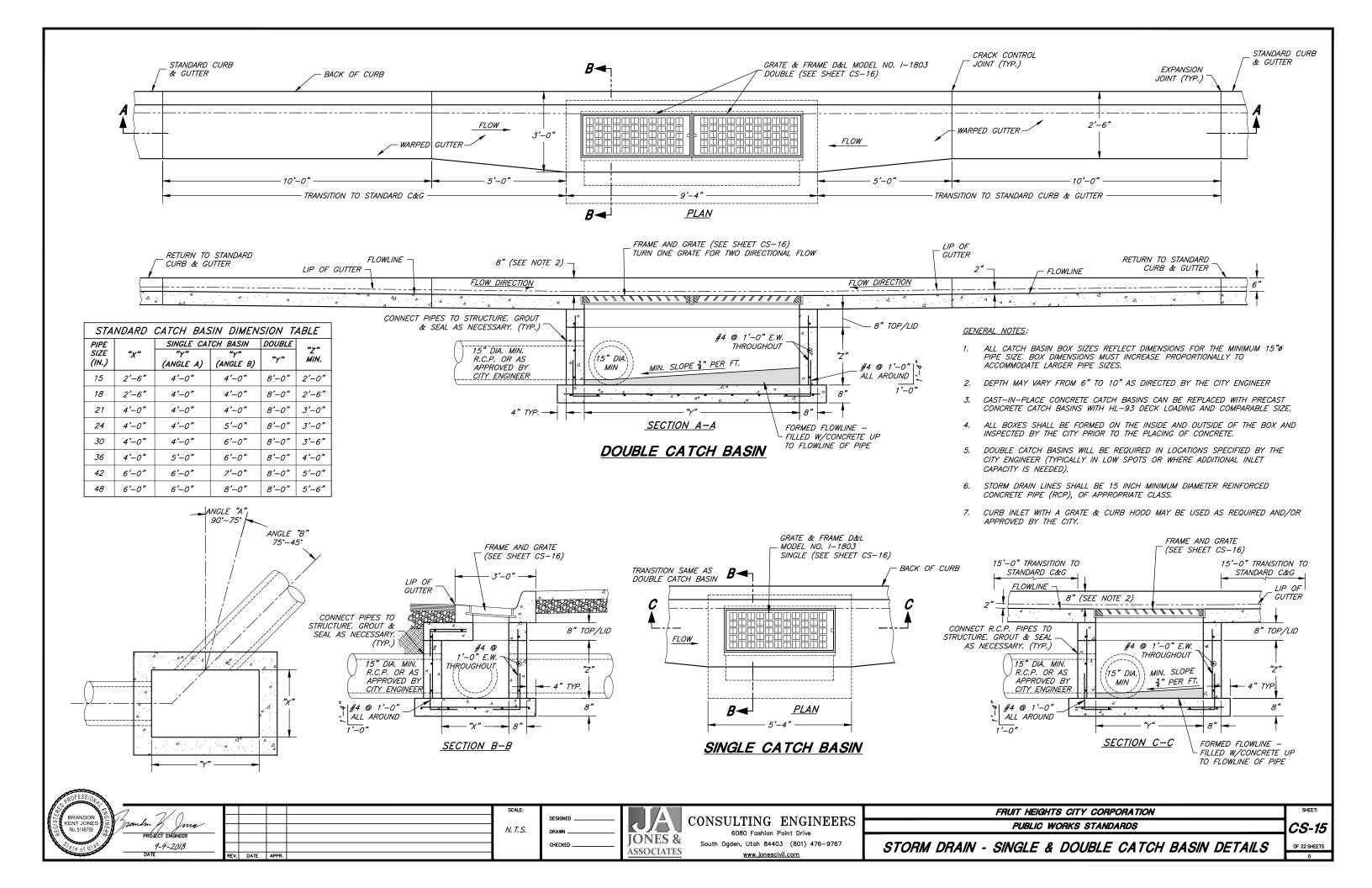


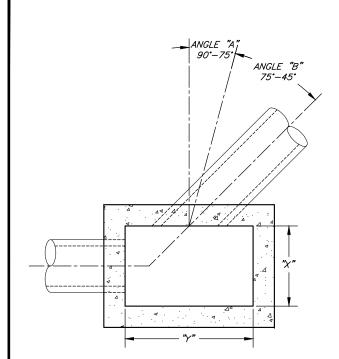




	DESIGNED		CONSULTING ENGINEERS
N. T. S.	DRAWN		6080 Fashion Point Drive
		<b>IONES &amp;</b>	
	CHECKED	ASSOCIATES	South Ogden, Utah 84403 (801) 476-9767



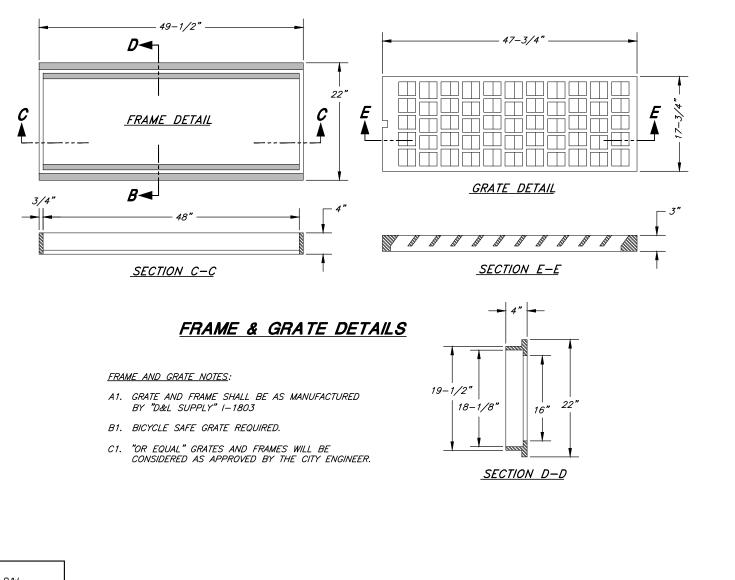


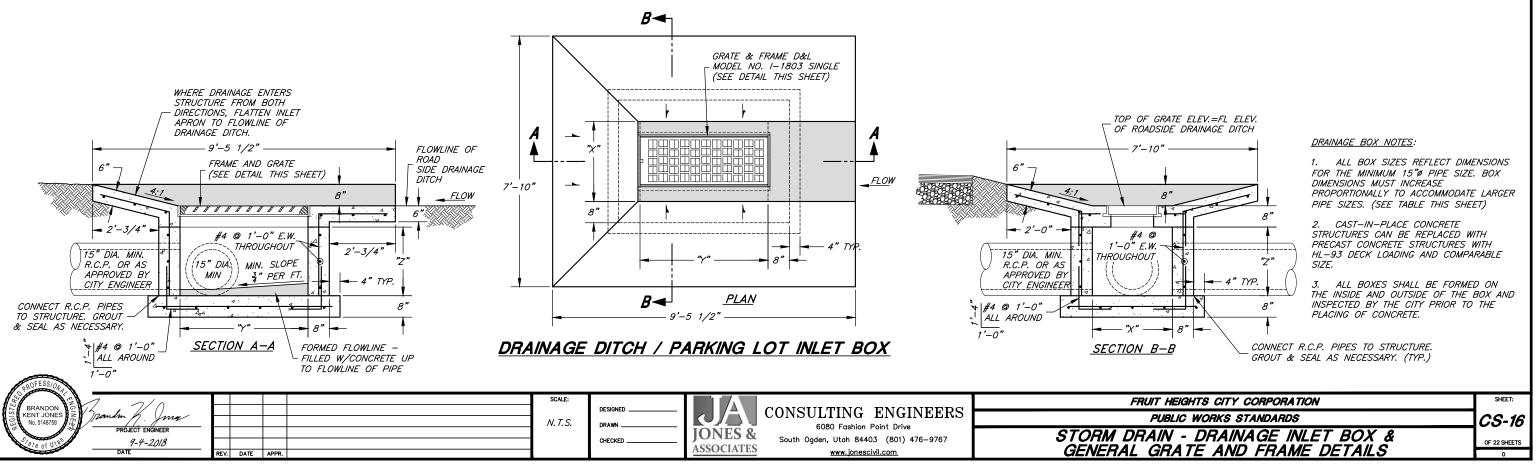


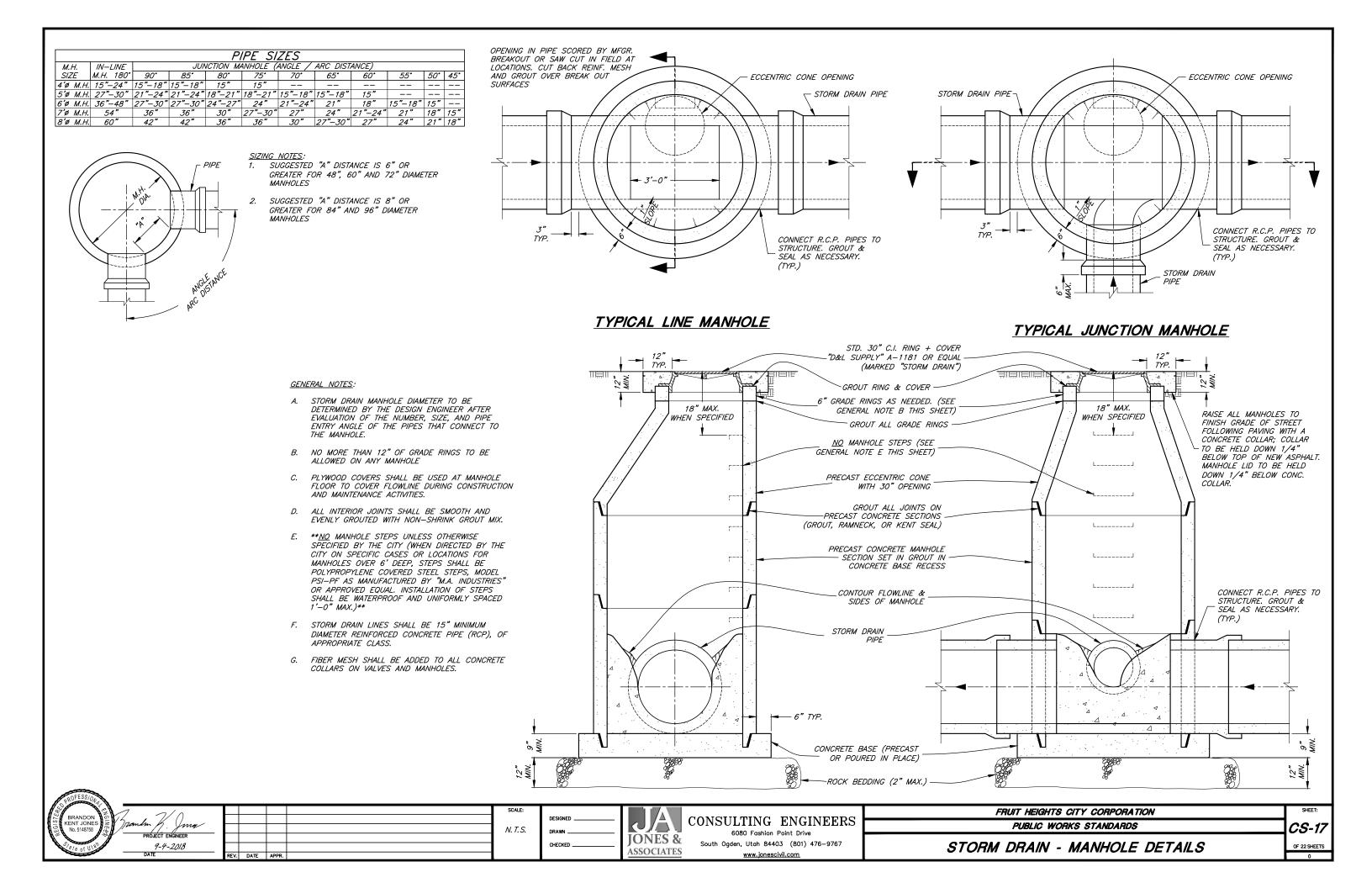
	DRAINAGE DITCH INLET BOX DIMENSION TABLE						
PIPE		"Z"					
SIZE	"X"	"γ" (ANGLE A)	"γ" (ANGLE B)	MIN.			
(		(ANOLE A)	(ANOLL D)				
15	2'-6"	4 <i>`</i> -0"	4 <i>`</i> -0″	2'-0"			
18	2'-6"	4'- <i>0"</i>	4'-0"	2'-6"			
21	4'-0"	4'-0"	4'-0"	3'-0"			
24	4'-0"	4'-0"	5'-0"	3'-0"			
30	4'-0"	4'- <i>0"</i>	6'-0"	3'-6"			
36	4'-0"	4'-0 <i>"</i>	6'-0"	4'-0"			
42	6'-0"	6'-0"	7'-0"	5'-0"			
48	6'-0"	6'-0"	8'-0"	5'-6"			

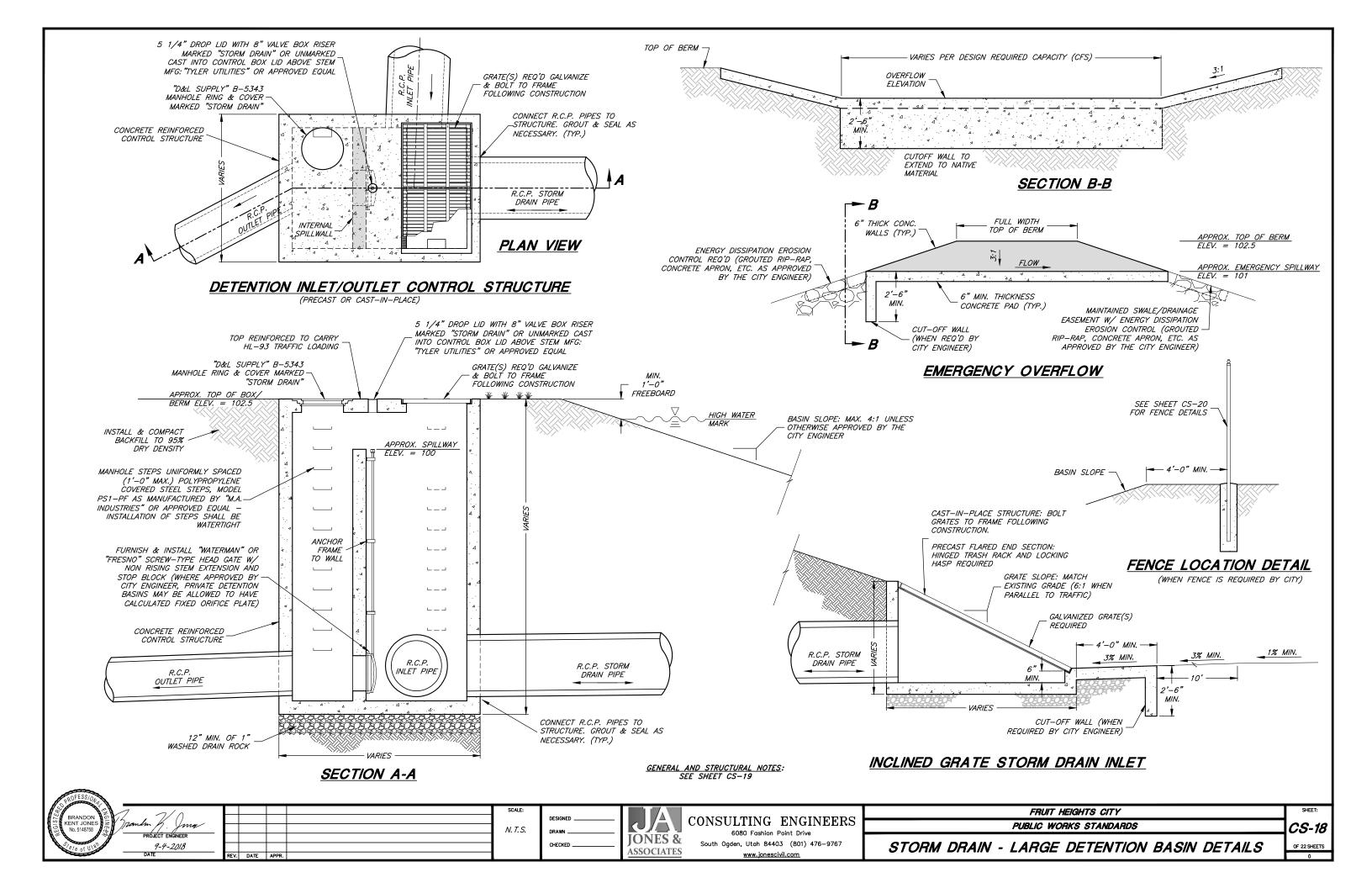
### <u>GENERAL NOTE</u>:

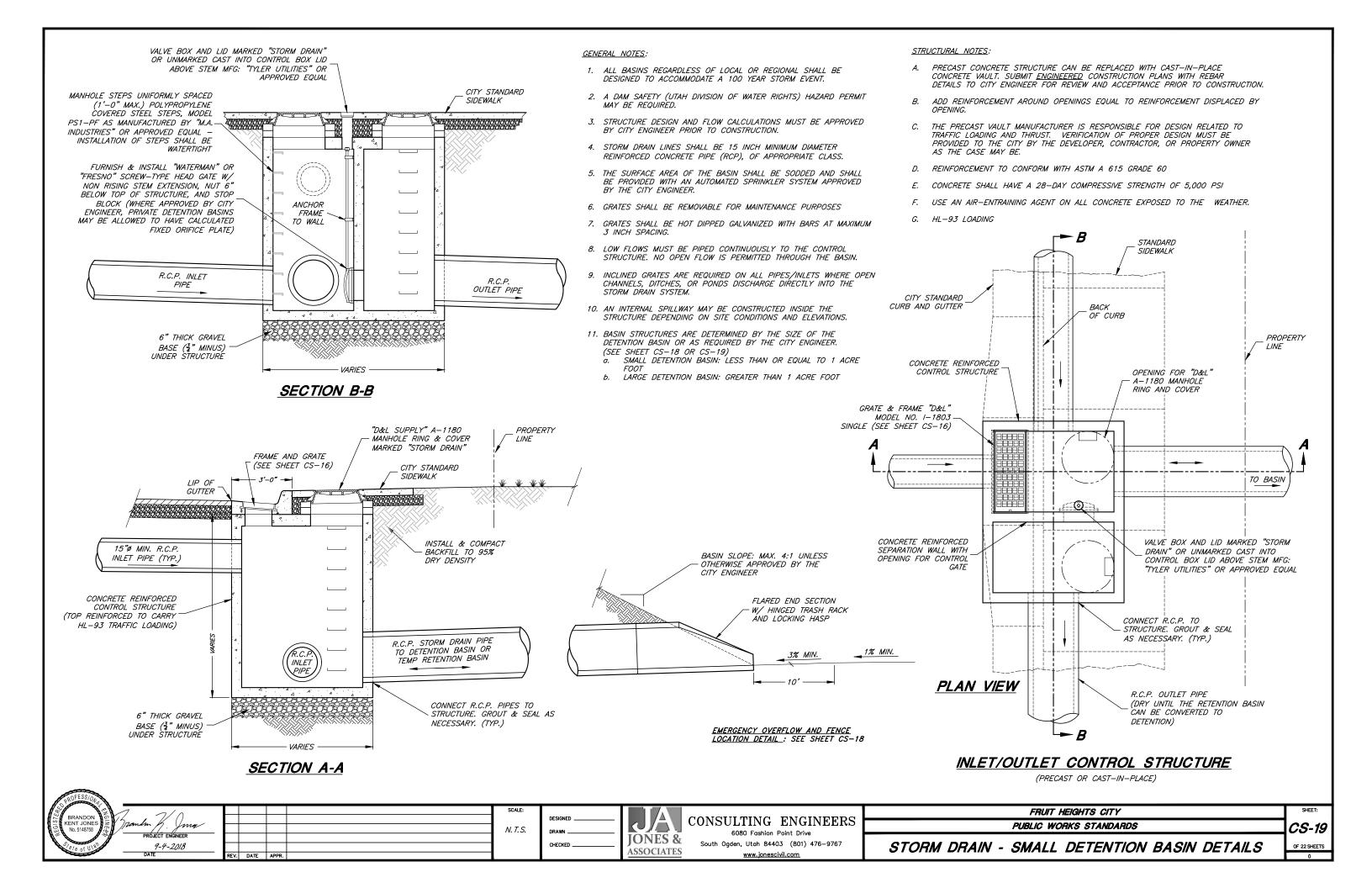
STORM DRAIN LINES SHALL BE 15 INCH MINIMUM DIAMETER REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE (RCP), OF APPROPRIATE CLASS.

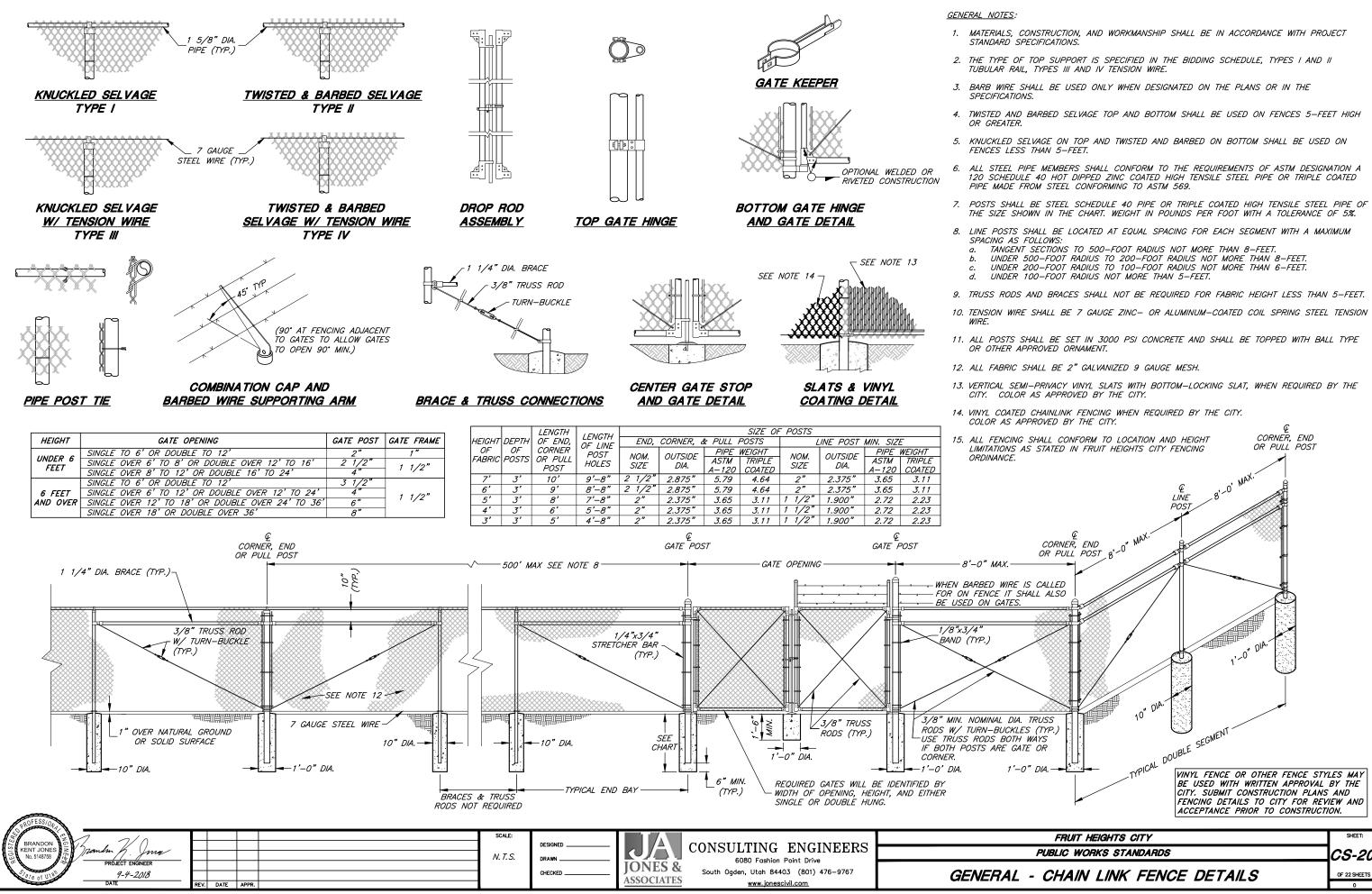












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